

3Q12 Results




100 anos
GERANDO
HISTÓRIAS

CPFL
ENERGIA

This presentation may contain statements that represent expectations about future events or results according to Brazilian and international securities regulators. These statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by the Company pursuant to its experience and the economic environment, market conditions and expected future events, many of which are beyond the Company's control. Important factors that could lead to significant differences between actual results and expectations about future events or results include the Company's business strategy, Brazilian and international economic conditions, technology, financial strategy, developments in the utilities industry, hydrological conditions, financial market conditions, uncertainty regarding the results of future operations, plans, objectives, expectations and intentions, among others. Considering these factors, the Company's actual results may differ materially from those indicated or implied in forward-looking statements about future events or results.

The information and opinions contained herein should not be construed as a recommendation to potential investors and no investment decision should be based on the truthfulness, timeliness or completeness of such information or opinions. None of the advisors to the company or parties related to them or their representatives shall be liable for any losses that may result from the use or contents of this presentation.

This material includes forward-looking statements subject to risks and uncertainties, which are based on current expectations and projections about future events and trends that may affect the Company's business. These statements may include projections of economic growth, demand, energy supply, as well as information about its competitive position, the regulatory environment, potential growth opportunities and other matters. Many factors could adversely affect the estimates and assumptions on which these statements are based.

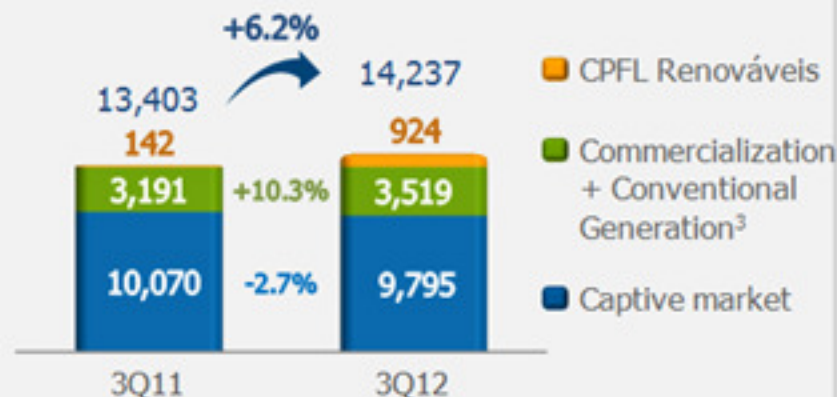
- 
- Sales in the concession area were up 1.0% QoQ (2.8% adjusted)
 - Commercial start-up of Santa Clara wind farms (188MW) in Jul/12
 - Closing of the acquisition of Ester biomass power plant in Oct/12
 - Interim dividends payment in the amount of R\$ 640 million on Sep 28
 - Investments amounted R\$ 660 million in 3Q12
 - Conclusion of CPFL Piratininga's 3rd Periodic Tariff Review and Annual Tariff Adjustment, resulting in a tariff repositioning (economical effect) of 7.7%
 - Credit rating of CPFL Energia's Group and subsidiaries was reaffirmed by Standard&Poor's | 'brAA+'
 - Stock's average daily trading volume increased by 43.6% on BM&FBovespa and NYSE (3Q12 vs. 3Q11), reaching R\$ 50.1 million
 - VOCÊ S.A rank - Best Companies to Work For; 2012 Climate Change ÉPOCA Award and 360º Business ÉPOCA Award (1st place on electric power sector companies rank)
 - CPFL was highlighted in 2012 CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project) Report for its performance and disclosure in CO₂ emissions

3Q12 energy sales and tariff for the use of the distribution system (TUSD)

Sales in the concession area (GWh)



Total energy sales² (GWh)



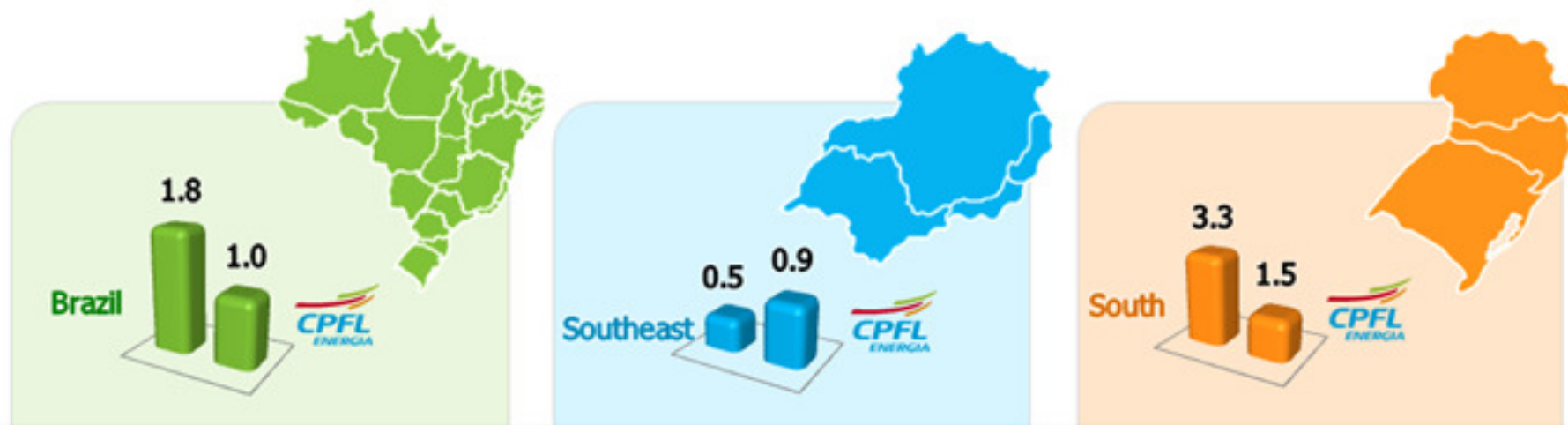
Sales in the concession area by consumption segment GWh | adjusted



	Residential	Commercial
Reported	2.4%	2.8%
Billing days	2.8%	2.8%
Temperature	0.0%	0.4%
Others	-0.2%	-0.2%
Adjusted	5.0%	5.9%

1) Adjusted by billing days and consumer migration to free market. 2) Disregard CCEE and sales to related parties. 3) Take into account 100% of CPFL Renováveis and Ceran (accounting criteria | IFRS), sales of Semesa and Foz do Chapecó (regulated market). Take into account provisioned sales of 41 GWh in 3Q12. Disregard sales of EPASA (availability contract).

► Sales in the concession area (%) | Comparison by region (source: EPE)



Industrial segment should be favored by industrial production performance, that is expected to start recovering from now on

► Brazilian industrial production (YoY)

(Source: IBGE / Forecast¹: LCA Consultores)

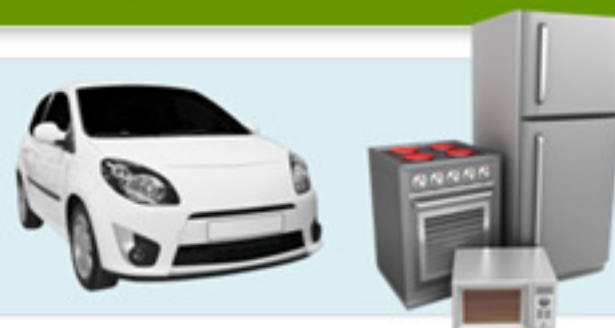


1) Estimates for the period from October to December.

Brazilian government started to stimulate **investments...**

Measures to offset international crisis effects

- Reduction of taxes (IPI) on home appliances and vehicles
- Reduction of taxes (IPI) on capital goods
- Postponement of deadline for tax collection (PIS/Cofins)



Structural measures

Investments: new projects and stimuli

- Infrastructure (roads, energy, oil/gas)
- **"Minha Casa Minha Vida" Program** (housing program)
- New Automotive Regime
- Pre-Salt and sporting events

Competitiveness

- PM 579 – reduction of energy costs
- Discharge of payroll for 40 sectors
- Fall of interest rates and spreads
- More competitive foreign exchange
- Greater fiscal gap (allows tax burden reduction)


▶ Investments in infrastructure¹ % GDP



Brazil's position in competitiveness ranking²

2007	▶ 72 th position
2011	▶ 53 th position
2012	▶ 48 th position

Competitiveness
will continue
moving forward



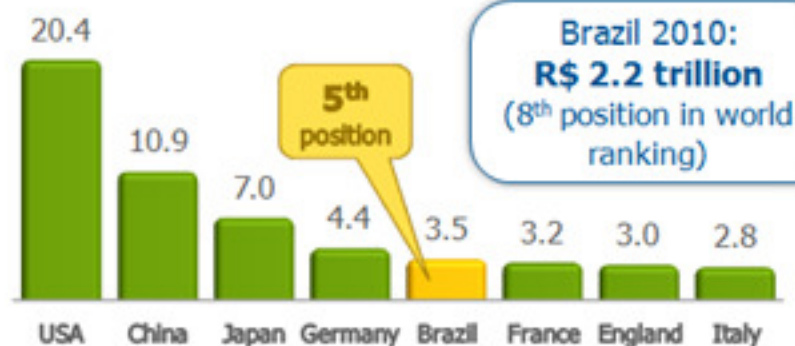
1) Transportation, electric energy, water and sewage, and telecom. Source: ABDIB and IBGE.

2) *Global Competitiveness Report (World Economic Forum)*. Position among 144 countries.

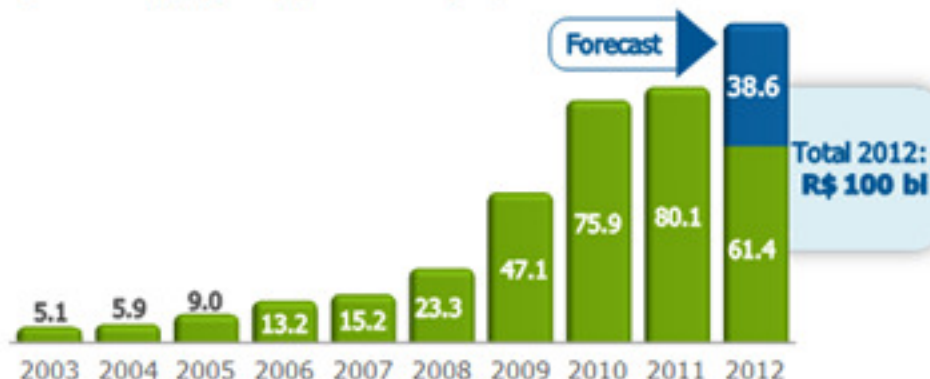
... that will combine with **consumption** expansion observed over the last years

- 17 million **new job positions** (2003-2011)¹
- **Poverty**² and **social inequality**³ reduction
 - **Social mobility**⁴: mid class reached 55% of population in 2011
- Expansion of **income**, **credit** and higher access to **consumption of durable goods**
 - Increase of **63%**⁵, in real terms, of minimum wage between 2003 and 2011

► Family consumption in 2010⁸ | R\$ trillion



► Mortgage approvals⁶ | R\$ billion



Some evidence in CPFL Energia's market

► Customers new connections | thousands



Sources/notes: 1) CAGED-MTE. 2) FGV: from 28% of total population in 2003 to 15% in 2009. 3) IPEA: Gini coefficient: 0.59 in 2002, 0.54 in 2009. 4) FGV: in 2003, was 38%. 5) IPEA. 6) Caixa Econômica Federal. 7) Until Aug 20, 2012. 8) EXAME Magazine, McKinsey and Fecomercio. 9) 12 months ended in September 2012.

IFRS

IFRS + Regulatory Assets & Liabilities – Non-recurring

Net Revenues¹

 +16.0%

3Q11	3Q12
R\$ 2,978 million	R\$ 3,454 million

 +14.3%

3Q11	3Q12
R\$ 2,951 million	R\$ 3,374 million

EBITDA

 +9.2%

3Q11	3Q12
R\$ 956 million	R\$ 1,044 million

 +18.9%

3Q11	3T12
R\$ 996 million	R\$ 1,184 million

Net Income²

 -15.2%

3Q11	3Q12
R\$ 379 million	R\$ 321 million

 +6.1%

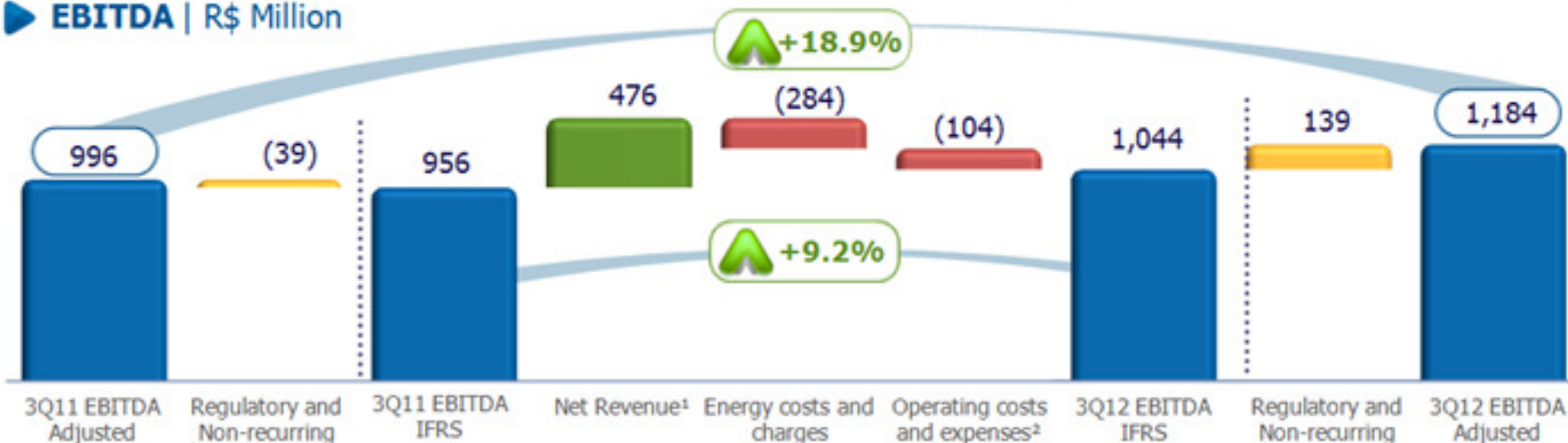
3Q11	3Q12
R\$ 401 million	R\$ 425 million

IFRS + Regulatory Assets & Liabilities – Non-Recurring

	EBITDA		Net Income	
	3Q11	3Q12	3Q11	3Q12
Reversal of EPASA's energy costs in 2010	+ 17		+ 11	
Refund of subsidies granted to low income consumers (2002 – 2004)		+ 15		+ 10
Write-down of discos' assets		- 17		- 12
Adjustments in delinquency estimates (doubtful debt)		- 54		- 35
Reversal/(provision) of physical inventory costs of discos' assets	+ 18	- 2	+ 12	- 1
Others adjustments	- 3	+ 3	- 2	- 7
Non-Recurring Effects (A)	+ 32	- 55	+ 21	- 45
3rd Tariff Review - Regulatory procedures for Discos ³		- 56		- 37
Other Regulatory Assets & Liabilities	+ 71	+ 141	+ 42	+ 95
Regulatory Assets & Liabilities (B)	+ 71	+ 85	+ 42	+ 58
Regulatory Assets & Liabilities - Non-Recurring Effects (A-B)	+ 39	+ 139	+ 21	+ 104

1) Excluding Revenue from Construction 2) Consolidated figures. Excluding non-controlling shareholders: 3Q12 = R\$ 314 million | 3Q11 = R\$ 374 million; 3) CPFL Piratininga, CPFL Santa Cruz, CPFL Jaguarí, CPFL Sul Paulista, CPFL Leste Paulista e CPFL Mococa

EBITDA | R\$ Million



+ 16.0% increase in Net Revenues¹ (R\$ 476 million)

- + Decrease of 2.7% in sales volume to the captive market and 4.3% average tariff readjustments (R\$ 53 million)
- + Increase of 20.3% in short-term energy volume (R\$ 62 million) and 9.7% in TUSD - Free Consumers (R\$ 27 million)
- + Increase in Other Revenues (R\$ 26 million), mainly refund of subsidies to low income consumers (R\$ 15 million) NON RECURRING
- + CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 170 million) + Conventional Generation/Commercialization and Services (R\$ 66 million)
- + Deductions from Revenues: sector charges decrease and PIS/COFINS tax credits (R\$ 72 million)

- 23.5% increase in Energy Costs and Charges (R\$ 284 million)

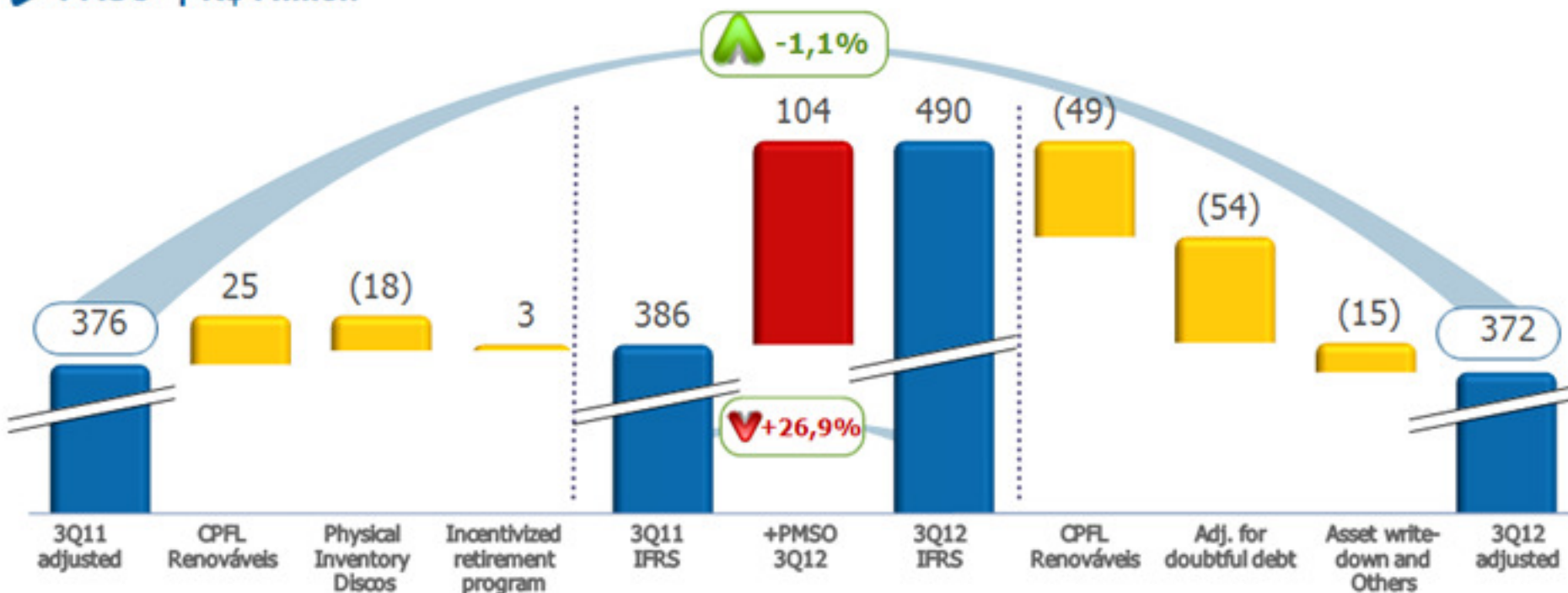
- Purchased energy for resale grew by 19.2% (R\$ 246 million)
- Charges were up 10.7% (R\$ 38 million)

PLD (R\$/MWh)³	
3Q12	3Q11
131.14	20.61

R\$/US\$	
3Q12	3Q11
2.03	1.85

- 26.9% in Operating Costs and Expenses ² (R\$ 104 million)

► PMSO¹ | R\$ Million



Sum of adjustments:
R\$ 108 million



PMSO increase (IFRS):
R\$ 104 million

Δ Adjusted PMSO:
R\$ 4.2 million or -1.1%

Results of cost reduction initiatives

■ Personnel ■ MSO

Nominal



Real



Savings

Personnel: R\$ -9 Million
MSO: R\$ +3 Million

Personnel: 0
MSO: R\$ -40 Million

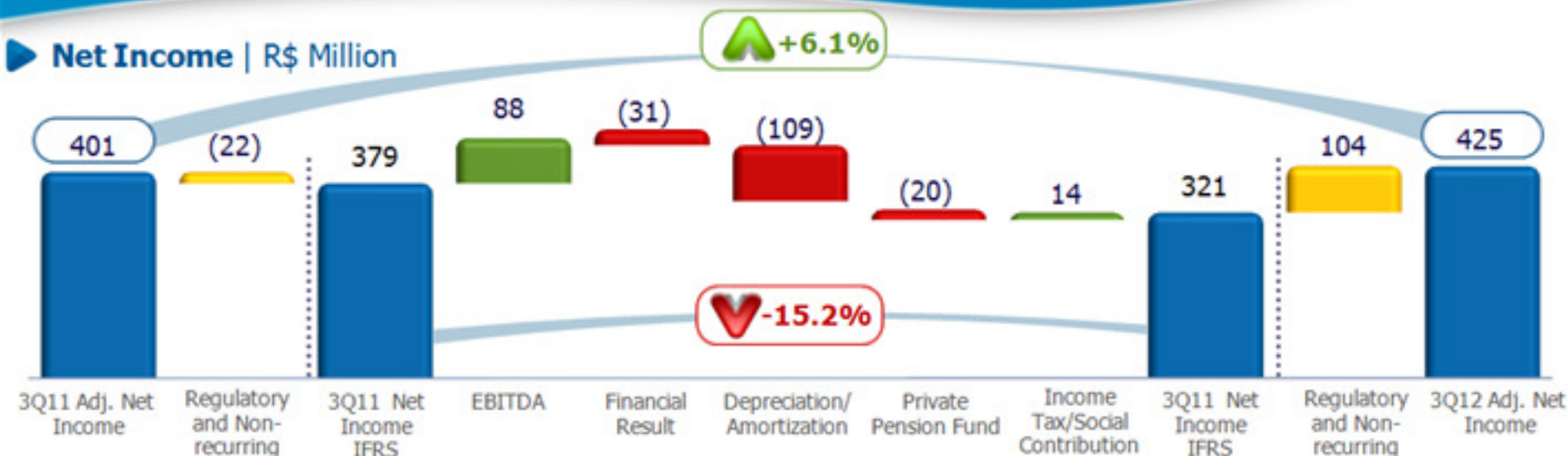
Personnel: R\$ -10 Million
MSO: R\$ -22 Million

Total 9M12

PMSO: Reduction of R\$78 Million

Personnel: Reduction of R\$19 Million | **MSO:** Reduction of R\$59 Million

Net Income | R\$ Million



+ 9.2% increase in EBITDA (R\$ 88 million)

- 15.3% decrease in Negative Net Financial Result (R\$ 31 million)

- Financial Revenues were down 28.3% (R\$ 62 million): Decrease of CDI rate and lower cash

+ Financial Expenses were down 7.3% (R\$ 31 million)

- Decrease of CDI rate (R\$ 106 million) and currency effect from energy bills from Itaipu at discos (R\$ 25 million)

- Consolidation of CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 69 million)

- Interest and fines related to incorporation of private networks at CPFL Paulista (R\$ 20 million)

- Restatement of royalties paid for the use of public utilities (UBP) of gencos (R\$ 9 million)

NON RECURRING

- Depreciation and Amortization grew by 55.5% (R\$ 109 million)

- Consolidation of CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 84 million)

- Changes on accounting of PIS/COFINS tax credits (R\$ 21 million)

- Results on Pension Fund (R\$ 20 million)

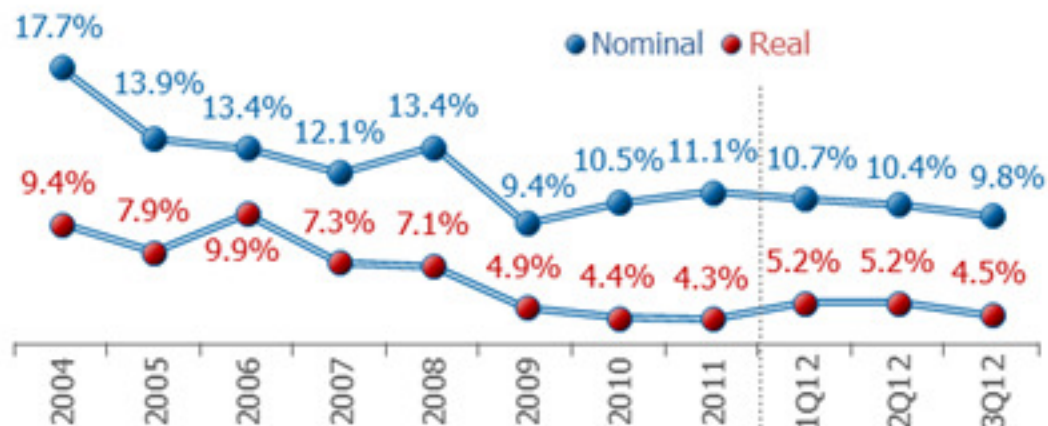
+ Income tax and social contribution (R\$ 14 million)

CDI	
3Q12	3Q11
+1.9%	+3.0%

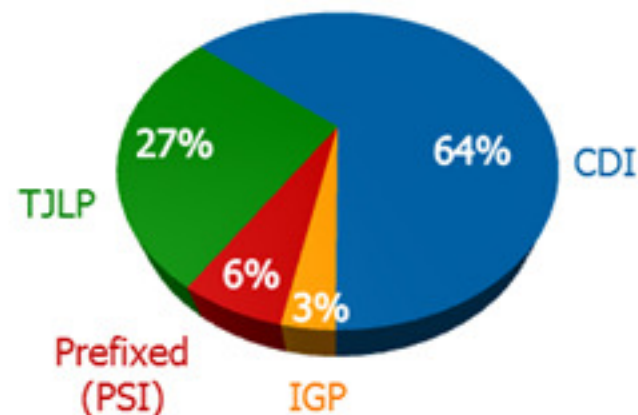
► Leverage¹ | R\$ billion



► Gross debt cost³ | LTM



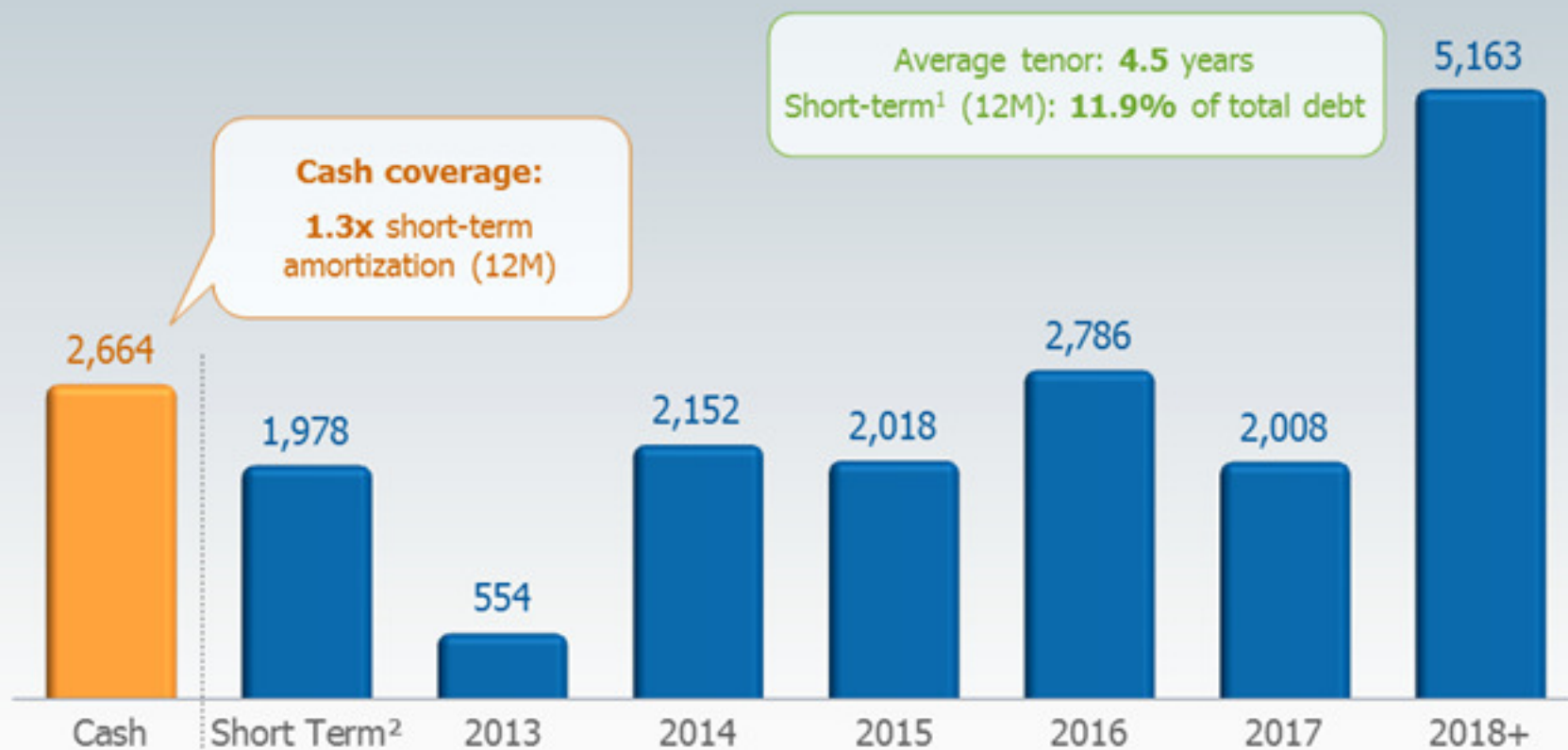
► Gross debt breakdown³



1) Net debt calculation pursuant to financial covenants methodology 2) LTM EBITDA adjusted pursuant to new methodology.

3) Financial debt (+) pension fund (-) hedge

▶ Debt amortization schedule¹ (Sep/12) | R\$ million



1) Disregard financial charges (ST = R\$ 314 million), hedge (net positive effect of R\$ 450 million) and MTM (R\$ 53 million)

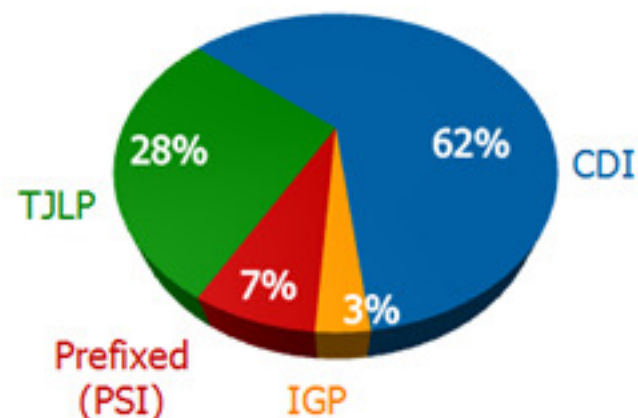
2) Considering debt amortization for the next 12 months (from Oct 01, 2012)

► BNDES funding | Oct/12

R\$ 606 million | 55% TJLP / 45% Prefixed

- Use of funds | **Capex of CPFL's Discos**
- Average cost | **5.56% p.a.**
- Maturity | **up to 10 years**

► Gross debt breakdown¹



► Pro forma debt amortization schedule² | R\$ million



1) Financial debt (+) pension fund (-) hedge 2) Disregard financial charges (ST = R\$ 314 million), hedge (net positive effect of R\$ 450 million) and MTM (R\$ 53 million) 3) Considering debt amortization for the next 12 months (from Oct 01, 2012)

Favorable credit rating to CPFL Energia Group

**STANDARD
& POOR'S**
RATINGS SERVICES

Rating brAA+ | Oct/12
Outlook Stable



- Increasing diversification in power generation
 - Investment in renewable energy
 - Higher contribution of the renewable business in the Group's cash generation
- Stability and efficiency in distribution business
- Appropriate level of liquidity and good access to long-term credit sources

Tariff Review final result on Oct 02, 2012 (R\$ million)

Gross Regulatory Asset Base (A)	2,542
Depreciation rate (B)	3.71%
Depreciation Quota ($C = A \times B$)	94
Net Regulatory Asset Base (D)	1,273
Pre-tax WACC (E)	11.36%
Cost of capital ($F = E \times D$)	144
Regulatory EBITDA ($G = C + F$)	239
Regulatory OPEX ¹ = CAOM + CAIMI (H)	335
Parcel B ($I = G + H$)	574
X-Factor (J)	1.40%
Parcel B adjusted by market ($L = I \times (1 - J)$)	559
Parcel A (M)	2,050
Required Revenue ($N = L + M$)	2,609
Other Revenues (O)	26
Verified Revenue (P)	2,704
Tariff repositioning ($Q = ((N - O) / P) - 1$)	-4.45%
Financial components (R)	-0.98%
Average effect ($S = Q + R$)	-5.43%

Main changes between the preliminary tariff procedure and final tariff

- ▶ Correction of depreciation rate from 4.09% to 3.71%
- ▶ X-Factor changed from 1.15% to 1.40% (adjustment of R\$ 7MM in investments)

Combined result from 3rd TRC + Annual Tariff Adj. + refund of frozen tariffs (1/3)

Consumption segments

Low voltage

High voltage

+1.49%

+9.77%

Tariff repositioning (economic effect):

+7.71%

Financial components:

+1.08%

Average effect:

+ 8.79%

Distribution Segment Challenges

Regulatory Remuneration

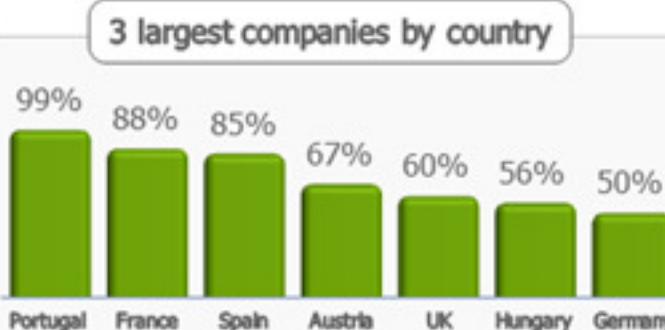
Better macroeconomic scenario provides lower returns



More efficient allocation of capital

Brazil

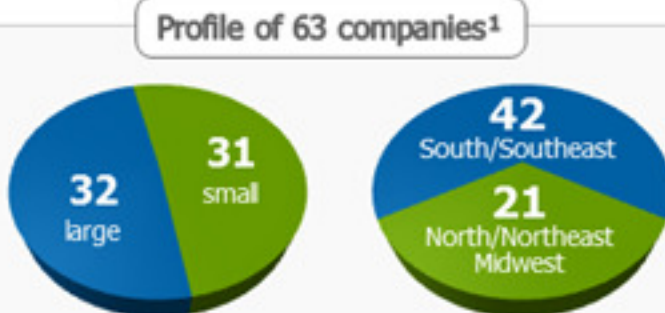
3 largest distribution companies hold 34% of market



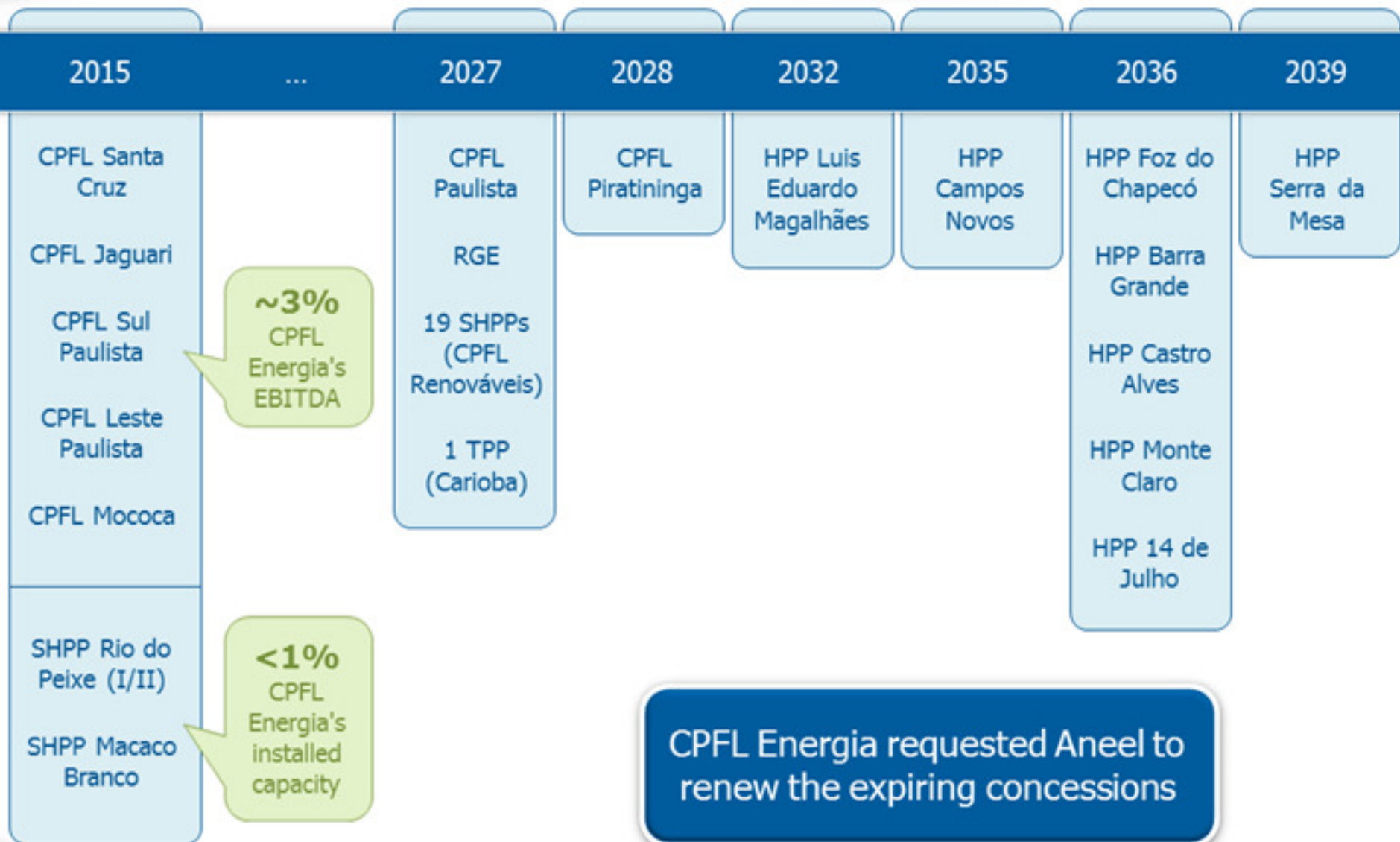
Consolidation and synergy gains being reversed in productivity

Fragmented Market

Substantial number of small distributors concentrated in the South and Southeast



Consolidation opportunities in the sector



Segment	For the sector	For CPFL
Conventional Generation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tariff = operational cost + spread • Amortization of non-depreciated values based on New Replacement Value (NRV) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Long term concessions (from 2032) • Exposure: low impact (<1% of installed capacity is expiring) • O&M cost below the range presented by PM 579
Commercialization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renewed (cheaper) energy will be destined exclusively to Regulated Market (ACR) • Liquidity constraint of conventional energy in the 2013-15 horizon • A4 Consumer Migration: from 6 months to 5 years 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More competitive environment for commercialization segment, pressuring margins
Distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New rules and quality requirements are being detailed by ANEEL • Changes in energy contracting due to the quota allocation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limited impact, considering the low exposure of assets with expiration concessions in 2015 • Major assets begin to expire in 2027 (CPFL Paulista / RGE)

Main economic effects**► Inflation and Payroll:**

- Potential decrease in inflation and consequent increase in payroll for 2013

► Industrial Activity:

- Sectors less exposed to competition will restore margins
- Other sectors will cut costs to gain market share, producing more



Potential impact to CPFL**► Residential and Commercial Segments:**

- Increase in consumption and improves in distributors' sales mix

► Industrial Segment:

- 2013: increase in consumption and reduction of idleness in contracted energy capacity: no immediate growth in distributors' margins
- 2014: increase in consumption and contracted capacity (considering other stimulus to economy)

► Schedule steps defined by ANEEL/MME

 10/15/12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deadline to express interest in the renewal of concession contracts
 11/01/12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Announcement of terms and conditions for G&T assets • Announcement of new G&T tariffs • Summons for G&T contract signing
+ 30 days	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G&T contract signing
12/11/12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approval of Transmission Tariffs (TUST – Tariff for the use of transmission system)
01/01/13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New Generation tariff and new Transmission Tariff (TUST - Tariff for the use of transmission system)
01/20/13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definitive Ratifying Resolution of energy quotas for Distributors
02/05/13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extraordinary Tariff Review of distributors to be perceived by the consumers

► Commercial start up in **2013(e)** | **120 MW/47 MWavg**

	Commercial Start up (e)	Installed Capacity (MW)	Assured Energy (MWavg)	Capital Structure (e)	PPA
 <p>Salto Góes SPP</p>	94% concluded				
	1Q13	20	11.1	BNDES funding (63% debt / 37% equity)	Alternative Sources Auction Aug/10 R\$ 165.0 ¹
 <p>Coopcana TPP</p>	38% concluded				
	2Q13	50	18.0	BNDES funding (approved)	Free Market
 <p>Alvorada TPP</p>	41% concluded				
	2Q13	50	18.0	BNDES funding (approved)	Free Market



1) Constant currency (Jun/2012)

Commercial start up in **2013(e)** | **228 MW/105 MWavg**

	Commercial Start up (e)	Installed Capacity (MW)	Assured Energy (MWavg)	Capital Structure (e)	PPA
 <p>Macacos I wind farm¹</p>	34% concluded				
	3Q13	78,2	37.5	BNDES funding (under review)	Alternative Sources Auction Aug/10 R\$ 150.4 ³
 <p>Campo dos Ventos II</p>	9% concluded				
	3Q13	30	15.0	BNDES funding (under review)	Reserve Auction Aug/10 R\$ 141.3 ³
 <p>Atlântica wind farm²</p>	21% concluded				
	2H13	120	52.7	BNDES funding (under review)	Alternative Sources Auction 2010 R\$ 152.7 ³

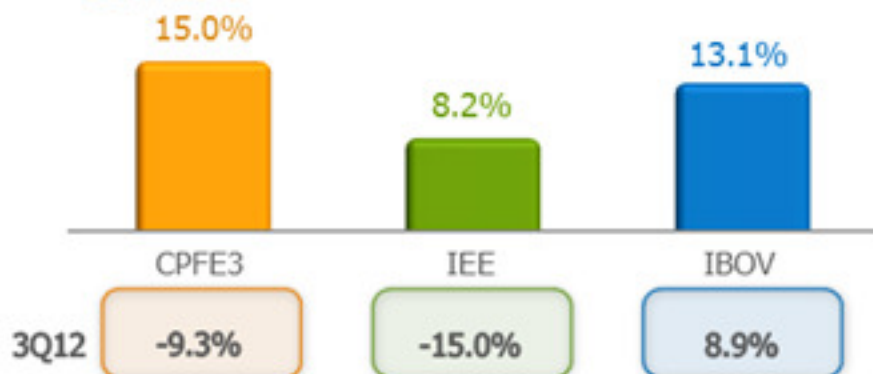
1) Macacos, Pedra Preta, Costa Branca and Juremas 2) Atlântica I, II, IV and V 3) Constant currency (Jun/12)

► Commercial start up in **2015(e)** | **254 MW/129 MWavg**

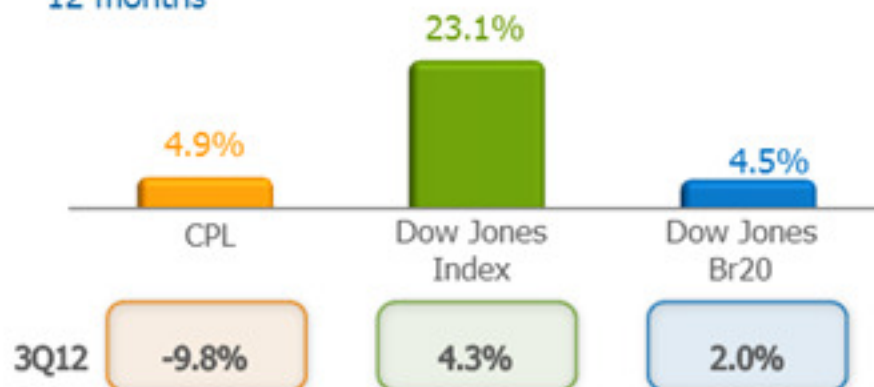
	Commercial Start up (e)	Installed Capacity (MW)	Assured Energy (MWavg)	Capital Structure (e)	PPA
	 9% concluded				
Campo dos Ventos wind farms ¹	1Q15	82.0	40.2	BNDES funding (under review)	Free market 2033
	 8% concluded				
São Benedito wind farms ²	3Q15	172.0	89.0	BNDES funding (under review)	Free market 2034

1) Campo dos Ventos I, III and V. 2) Ventos de São Benedito, Ventos de Santo Dimas, Santa Mônica, Santa Úrsula São Domingos and Ventos de São Martinho

Share performance on BM&FBovespa 12 months¹



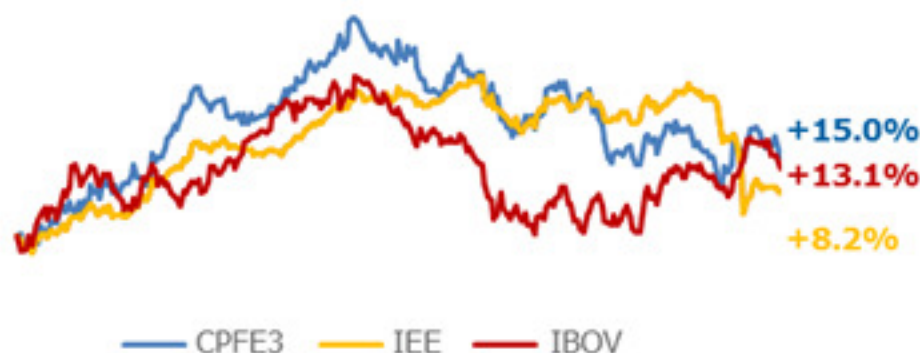
Share performance on NYSE 12 months¹



Daily average trading volume on BM&FBovespa + NYSE | R\$ million



Share performance Comparison LTM (Oct/11 – Sep/12)



CPFL Energia is among the best in Performance and Disclosure

- Actions to mitigate climate changes
- Value creation for stakeholders
- Differentiated Corporate Governance
- Engagement of Suppliers
- Innovation and Technology (Renewable Energy, Smart Grid)

CPFL was cited as a highlight by the report:

"...[CPFL] described its initiatives in a very objective way, providing quantitative details."

2012 CDP Report

General Shareholders' Meetings Participation Manual

Smart Grid



Pioneering in Renewable Energy

1) The CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project) brings together approximately 670 global investors who manage assets of around US\$ 78 trillion

Tanquinho Solar Power Plant

Project (R&D)¹

Tanquinho Solar Power Plant

- 1st solar power plant in the Estate of São Paulo
- Investment (e): **R\$ 13.8 million**
- Commercial start-up: **4Q12**
- Capacity: **1MWp² (1.6 GWh)**
- Location: **Campinas**
- Status: **Mounting of the panels is already completed and electrical assembly is in final stage**

95% concluded

VI Investor Relations Meeting

The event will include a technical visit to Tanquinho Solar Power Plant

Date: Dec 04, 2012

1) Approved by Aneel in Dec/11. Protocol 013-2011 (technical and commercial plans for the generation of solar photovoltaic at the network).

2) MWp = megawatt-peak

3Q12 Results



100 anos
GERANDO
HISTÓRIAS

CPFL
ENERGIA