



Disclaimer

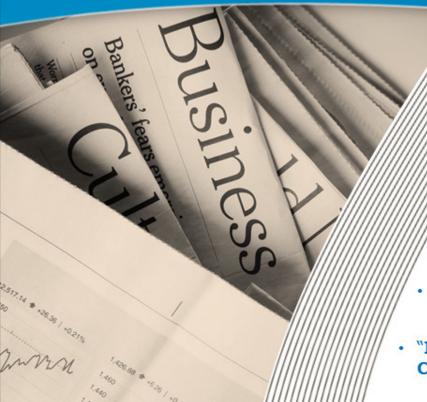
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The electric sector in media recently



- "Utilities stocks fall again on Bovespa after PM 579" Canal Energia, 09/12/2012
- "Generation segment gets less attractive after PM"
 Valor, 10/25/2012
- "PLD is over R\$ 550/MWh and reflects critical status of reservoirs" Canal Energia, 01/07/2013
- "Government already sees rationing risk and tariff discount on energy bills may be lower" Estado de S. Paulo, 01/08/2013
- "Thermal dispatch affects utilities cash flow"
 Valor, 02/15/2013
- "Impact of discos additional expenses is over R\$ 1.5 billion in January"
 Canal Energia, 02/21/2013

Main concerns

- Losses with PM579/ concessions renewal
 - Rationing risk
- Doubts about discos liquidity (pressure over working capital)

3



PM 579 | Benefits for consumers and the economy

Structural reduction in tariffs for final consumers



No impact on discos' Parcel B (remuneration)

▶ Positive effect for the macroeconomic scenario | LCA Consultores' estimates (in %)





PM 579 | Benefits for CPFL

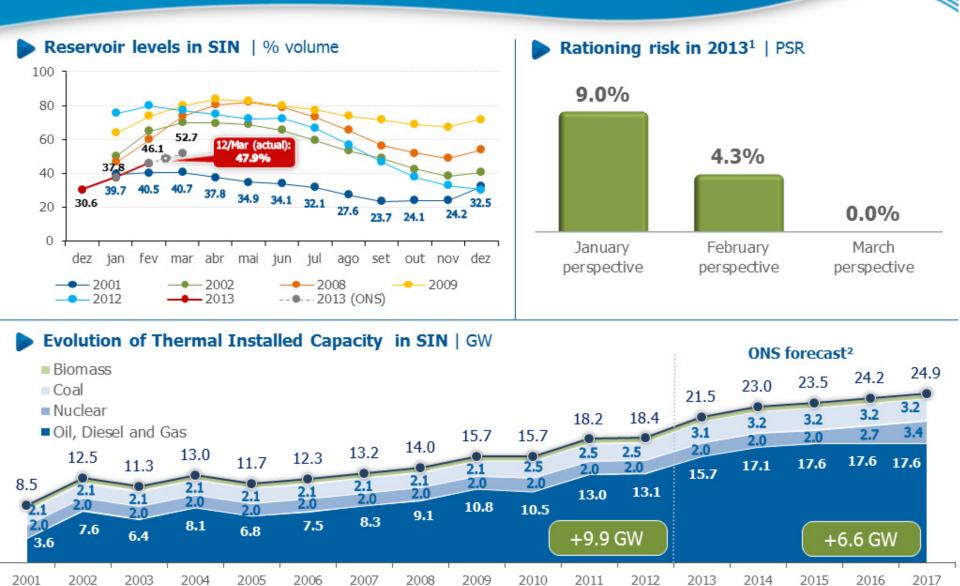
"Scenario of opportunities"

- Cost of O&M below the range presented for the renewal of expiring concessions (PM 579): opportunities to participate in the auctions of assets that have not had their concessions renewed
- More competitive environment for the commercialization segment: consolidation opportunities for CPFL Brasil





System's Energetic Conditions | Rationing risk is away



¹⁾ Take into account thermal power plants dispatched until April. Estimated ENA for SIN: 68% MLT (January), 89% MLT (February) and 77% (March). For February and March, take into account a reduction of 1,0 GW in thermal capacity due to some failures in powerplants. 2) PMO/March.



Concerns with the safety of the system



Measures approved and under discussion

- Auction A-0 (May 2013): to contract over 2,000 MWavg by distribution companies
- "Tariff flags": from 2014, tariffs will transfer a
 portion of the costs of thermal dispatch in subsequent
 month, giving an economic signal to consumer (15
 R\$/MWh on yellow flag or 30 R\$/MWh on red flag)
- Regional energy auctions: to evaluate each region needs aiming to reduce installation costs and operation of long transmission lines (under discussion)
- Thermal contracting according to quantity criteria (as HPPs): full-time thermal dispatch (under discussion)



CCEARs by availability

Amounts over or below tariff coverage will be transfered to consumers in the next tariff event, via CVA.

PLD estimated by Aneel

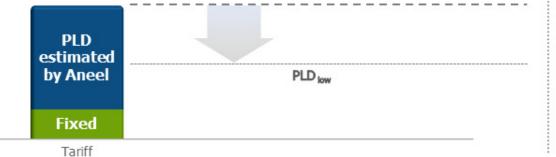
Fixed

Tariff



CCEARs by availability

Amounts over or below tariff coverage will be transfered to consumers in the next tariff event, via CVA.



9



CCEARs by availability

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CCEARs by availability

Amounts over or below tariff coverage will be transfered to consumers in the next tariff event, via CVA.

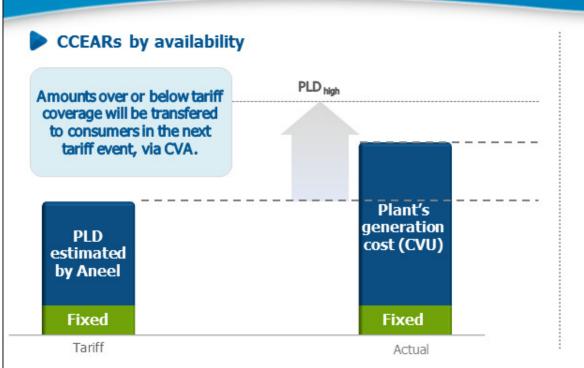


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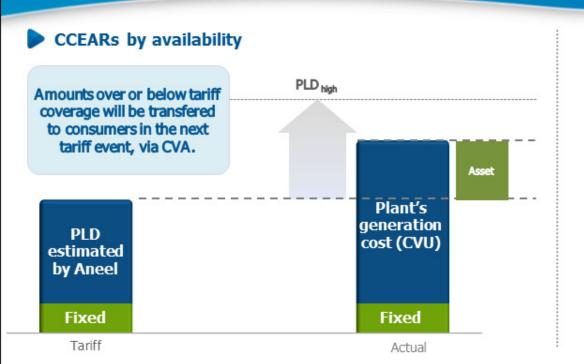


Amounts over or below tariff coverage will be transfered to consumers in the next tariff event, via CVA. PLD estimated by Aneel Fixed Tariff Actual

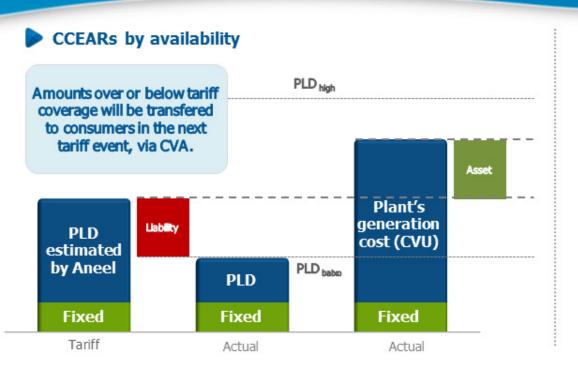




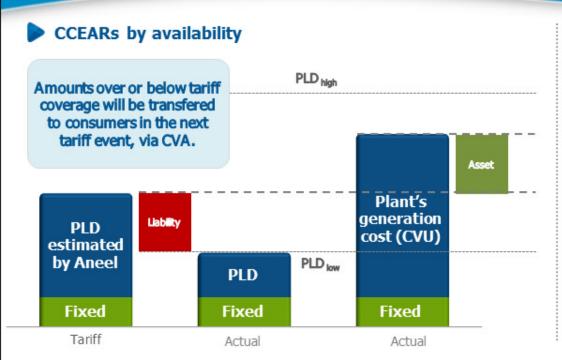


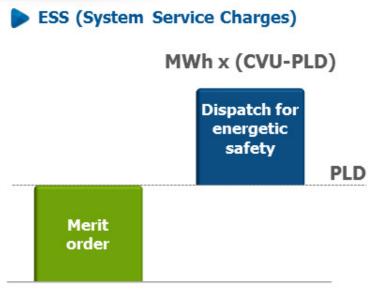




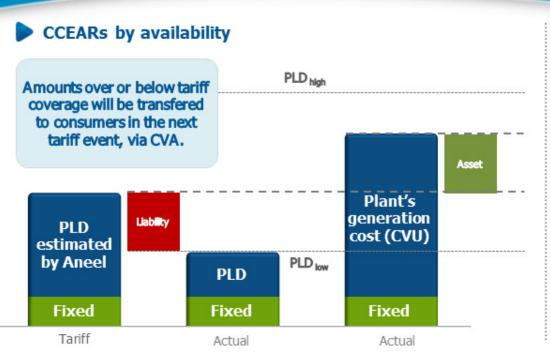


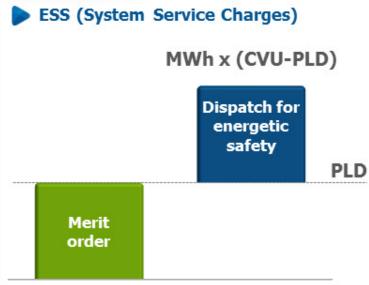












Deficit of CPFL discos (R\$ million) and Decree 7,945/2013 266

27 36 38 Involutary exposure due to the allocation of quotas of PM 579

Hydrology risk inherent to quotas of renewed energy (PM 579)

ESS - thermal dispatch out of merit order

CCEARs – availability contracts subject to variation on PLD (portion of parcel A)

Structural change

Changes the transfer limit of overcontracting energy from 3% to 5%

- Lower risk for distribution segment
- ✓ Stimulus to contract new power plants

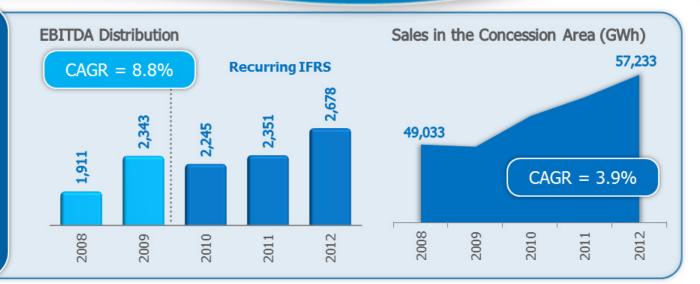
Readjustment: Paulista: April/13; RGE: June/13; Piratininga: October/13

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Business Portfolio | CPFL Energia

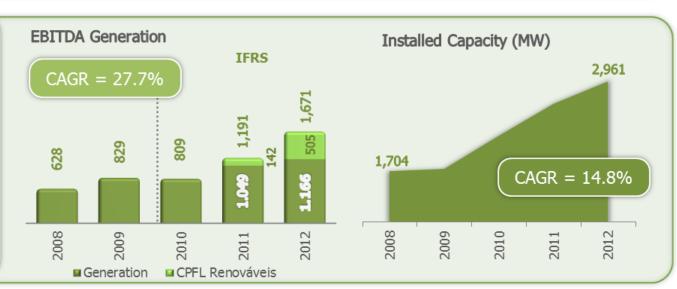
Distribution

- 7.2 million costumers
- · 569 municipalities
- Positioned in the most developed regions
- High potential in per capita consumption



Conventional Generation and Alternative Energy

- Long term concessions
- Largest portfolio of renewables in Latin America
- Renewable sources: > 93%

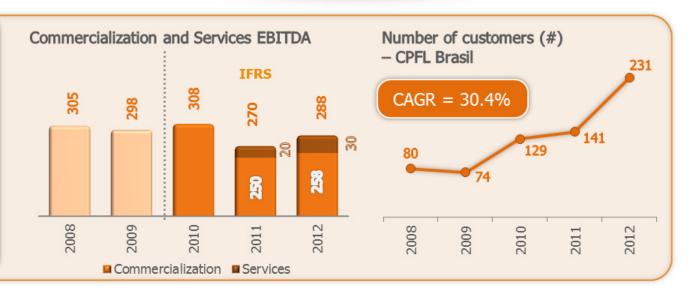




Business Portfolio | CPFL Energia

Commercialization and Services

- 231 free consumers
- · Nationwide outreach
- Value-added product portfolio



CPFL Energia

 Largest private group in the Brazilian electricity sector





Increase of 5.6% in energy sales within the concession area

 Commercial start-up of Tanquinho solar plant in November 2012 and Salto Góes SHPP in December 2012

 Distribution of R\$ 1,096 million in dividends in 2012. Dividend yield of 4.6%

 Investments of R\$ 537 million in 4Q12 and of R\$ 2,468 million in 2012

 Estimated capex of R\$ 2,325 million in 2013, totaling R\$ 8,709 million between 2013 and 2017

 Acquisition, along with Equatorial, of Grupo Rede's assets, subject to precedent conditions

 Extraordinary Tariff Review (PM 579 effects) did not affect the remuneration of CPFL's discos

 Increase of 30.1% in share's liquidity in 2012, reaching R\$ 42.7 million in average daily traded volume

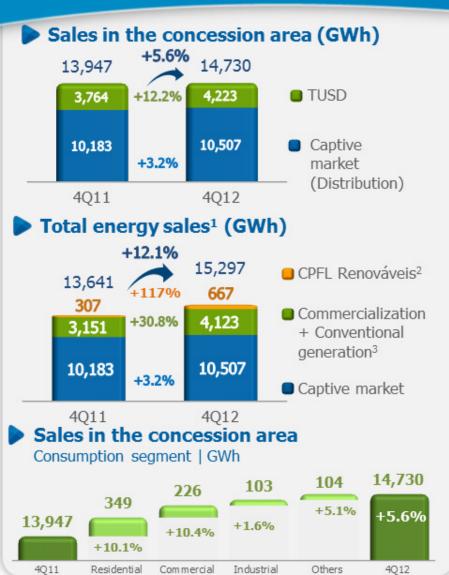
2012 Guia Exame Sustentabilidade Award and ÉPOCA/A.T. Kearney Award "As Empresas mais Inovadoras do Brasil em 2012"

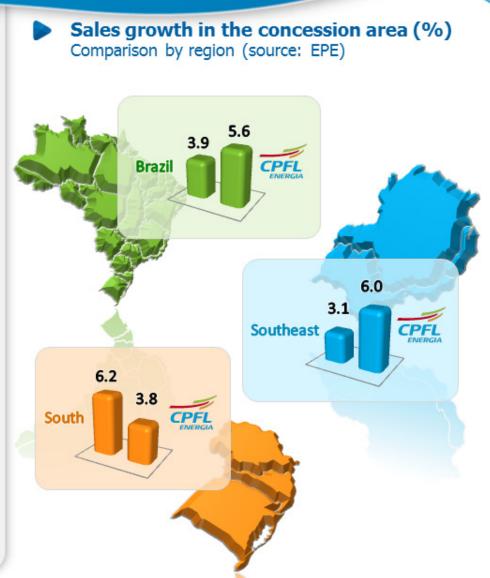
Participation in ISE (the BM&FBOVESPA's Corporate Sustainability Index) for the 8th consecutive year;

Joined Dow Jones Sustainability Index Emerging Markets.



4Q12 energy sales and tariff for the use of the distribution system (TUSD)

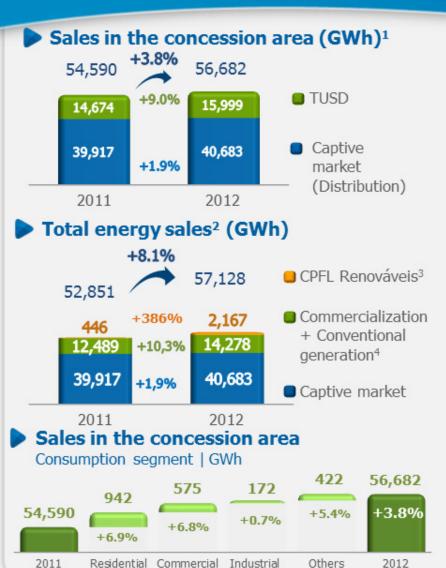


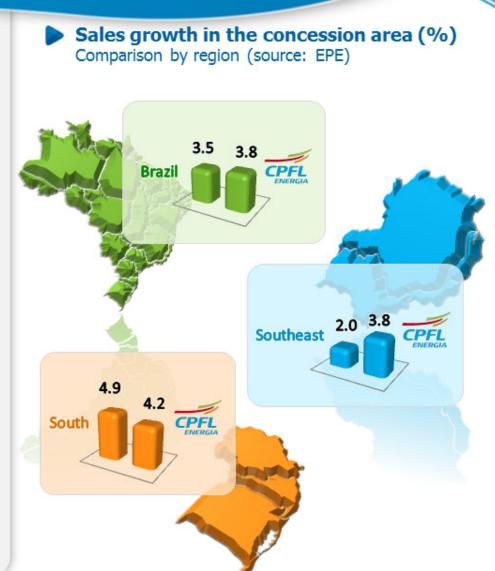


¹⁾ Disregard CCEE and sales to related parties. 2) Take into account 100% of CPFL Renováveis (accounting criteria | IFRS). 3) Take into account 100% of Ceran (accounting criteria | IFRS), sales of Semesa and Foz do Chapecó (regulated market). Take into account provision adjustments of 89 GWh in 4Q12.



2012 energy sales and tariff for the use of the distribution system (TUSD)



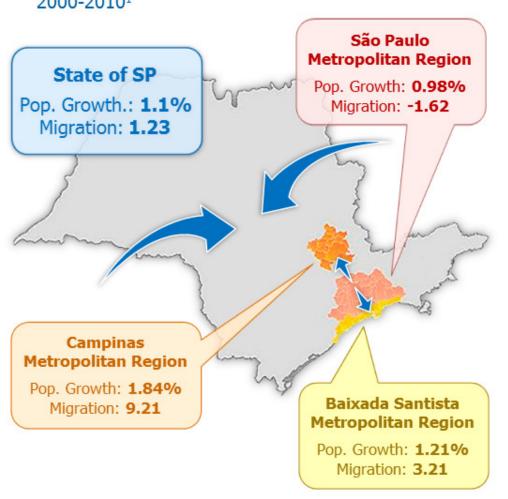


1) Take into account changes in billing calendar for free consumers and permissionaires. 2) Disregard CCEE and sales to related parties. 3) Take into account 100% of CPFL Renováveis (accounting criteria | IFRS). 4) Take into account 100% of Ceran, sales of Semesa and Foz do Chapecó (regulated market). Take into account provisioned sales of 2 GWh in 2012.

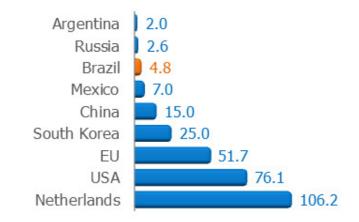


Residential segment | Migration, rising income and good perspectives for housing loans

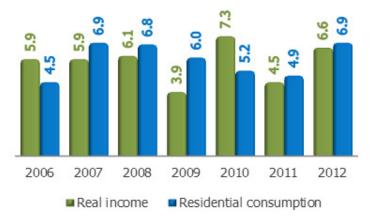
Annual population growth (in %) and migration (per 1000 inhabitants) 2000-20101



Mortgages compared to GDP²
In %



▶ Real income³ and residential consumption⁴ at CPFL | Annual growth in %



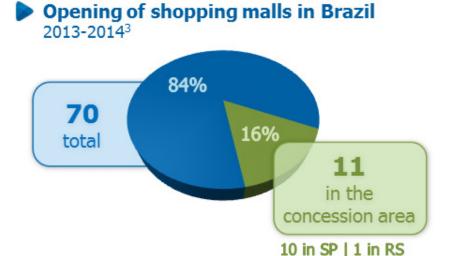
¹⁾ Source: Fundação Seade (2011); 2) Source: European Mortgage Federation National Experts, European Central Bank, National Central Banks, Eurostat, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Federal Reserve; 3) Source: IBGE/LCA. 4) Accounting figures.

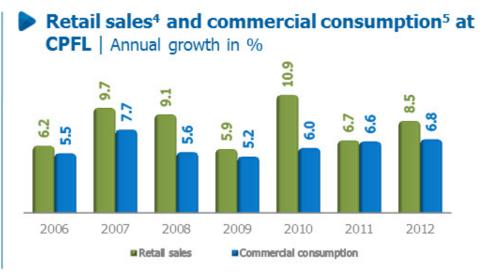


Commercial segment | Retail sales and opening of new shopping malls





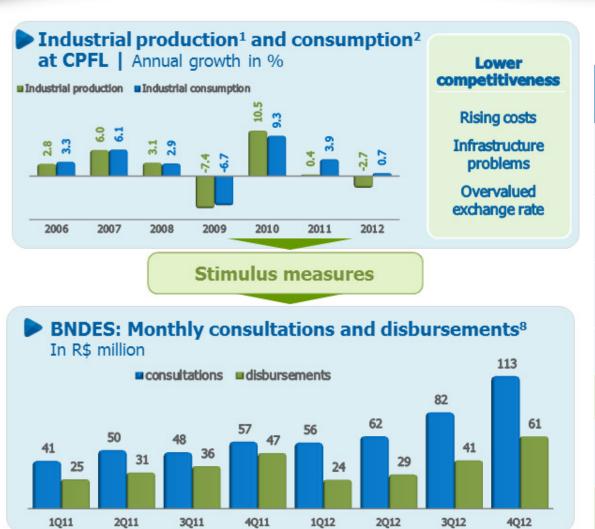




¹⁾ Source: IBGE; 2) Volume of queries per month made by traders to the Serasa database. Source: Serasa Experian and LCA; 3) Source: Brazilian Association of Shopping Malls (Abrasce); 4) Source: IBGE. 5) Take into account changes in billing calendar for free consumers.



Industrial segment | Structural deficiencies, measures to stimulate competitiveness and estimates of falling production costs



Indexes for nominal unit cost in Brazilian industry³| 2001=100

	2012	2013 (forecast)	Variation (%)		
Unit labor cost	258	233	-9.6		
Electricity	221	180	-18.8		
Tradable domestic inputs ⁴	245	253	2.9		
Non-tradable domestic inputs ⁵	261	289	10.4		
Imported inputs ⁶	123	156	26.5		
Index for Total Cost in R\$7	226	230	2.1		
Index for nominal exchange rate in R\$/US\$	71	89	25.4		
Index for Total Cost in US\$	317	258	-18.6		

¹⁾ Source: IBGE. 2) Take into account changes in billing calendar for free consumers. 3) Francisco Eduardo Pires de Souza (2013). "É possível reverter o processo de desindustrialização no Brasil?", UFRJ. 4) Inputs from agriculture and mining. 5) Inputs from building sector and services. 6) Estimated by the price index of imported intermediate products converted in reais at the exchange rate R\$/US\$. 7) Weighted by the share of components in 2005 Input-Output Matrix and Resources and Uses Table of National Accounts. 8) Source: BNDES.



Net Revenues¹

+27.3%

IFRS

IFRS + Regulatory

Assets & Liabilities -

Private Pension Fund

4Q11 R\$ 3,052 milllion

4Q11

million

4012 R\$ 3,886 million

+28.7%

3rd Tariff Review - Regulatory procedures for Discos²

Adjustments in delinquency estimates (doubtful debt)

4Q12

million

R\$ 3,884

Other Regulatory Assets & Liabilities

Write-down of discos' assets

Non-Recurring Effects (B)

Private Pension Fund (C)

Dismissal costs (discos) Others adjustments

Regulatory Assets & Liabilities(A)

Financial update of discos' financial asset

Legal and judicial expenses and indemnities

4Q11 4T12

EBITDA

R\$ 994

R\$ 833

milllion

million

+35.1%

-16.2%

4Q11

4Q12

R\$ 981 million

R\$ 1.326 million

EBITDA

Net Income

-42.6%

4Q11 R\$ 485 4Q12 R\$ 278

million

million

+14.9%

4Q11

4Q12

Net Income

R\$ 443 million

4011

R\$ 510 million

IFRS + Regulatory Assets & Liabilities -- Non-Recurring - Private Pension Fund

R\$ 3,018

4011 **29**

30

0 1

2

2

4012 **2**4

286

310

19 **1**8

1

202 187

16

4012

42 **105 142 9**4

28 21

22 **1**4

1 9 6 **1**4 15

215 45 41

9

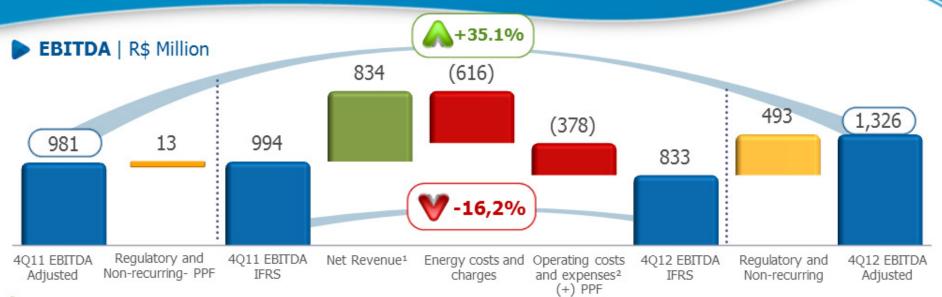
16 13 493

42 232

1 Excluding Revenue from Construction; 2) CPFL Piratininga, CPFL Santa Cruz, CPFL Jaguari, CPFL Sul Paulista, CPFL Leste Paulista e CPFL Mococa

Total (A-B-C)





- 27.3% increase in Net Revenues¹ (R\$ 834 million)
 - ♦ Increase of 3.2% in sales volume to the captive market (R\$ 156 million) and 6.2% average tariff readjustments (R\$ 221 million)
 - ♠ Increase of 9.8% in TUSD Free Consumers (R\$ 30 million)
 - CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 147 million) + Conventional Generation (R\$ 62 million) and Commercialization and Services (R\$ 175 million)
 - Deductions from Revenues: sector charges decrease and PIS/COFINS tax credits (R\$ 43 million)
- 37.5% increase in Energy Costs and Charges (R\$ 616 million)
 - Purchased energy for resale grew by 36.5% (R\$ 473 million) Thermal Dispatch cost (R\$ 254 million)
 - Charges were up 41.6% (R\$ 143 million) ESS costs (R\$ 122 million)
- Increase in Operating Costs and Expenses² (R\$ 378 million)
 - Acquisition of EPASA fuel oil for thermal dispatch (R\$ 109 million)

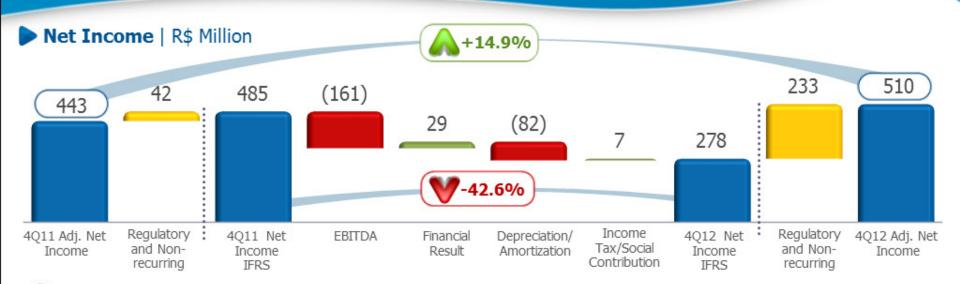
Legal and judicial expenses and indemnities (R\$ 142 million)

- CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 29 million)
- Increase of Personal costs (collective bargaining, dismissals and new hirings) (R\$ 27 million)
- Write-down of discos' assets (R\$ 28 million) and Adjustments in delinquency estimates (doubtful debt) (R\$ 22 million)

4Q11 4012 PLD (R\$/MWh)3 42.39 306.52 R\$/US\$ 1.80 2.06

NON RECURRING

1) Excludes Revenues of construction of own assets 2) Personnel, Material, Third Party Services and Others 3) Average spot price



- 16.2% Decrease in EBITDA (R\$ 161 million)
- 27.0% decrease in Negative Net Financial Result (R\$ 29 million)
 - ♠ Financial update of discos financial asset (R\$ 96 million)
 - Decrease of Debt Charges (R\$ 57 million)
 - ♠ Decrease of Monetary and Exchange Restatement (R\$ 26 million)
 - Decrease of Income from Financial Investments (R\$ 77 million)
 - Consolidation of CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 57 million
 - Others (R\$ 16 million)
- Depreciation and Amortization grew by 37.9% (R\$ 82 million)
 - Consolidation of CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 60 million)
 - Changes on accounting of PIS/COFINS tax credits(R\$ 30 million)
 - Others (R\$ 8 million)
- () Income tax and social contribution (R\$ 7 million)

	2011	2012
CDI	11.6% p.a.	8.4% p.a.
TJLP	6.0% p.a.	5.7% p.a.

NON RECURRING



IFRS + Regulatory

Assets & Liabilities -

Private Pension Fund

2012 Results

Net Revenues¹

+17.8%

2011 **IFRS** R\$ 11,634 2012 R\$ 13,704

milllion million

+16.9%

2011

2012

R\$ 11,476 million R\$ 13,419 million

EBITDA

+1.2%

2011 2012

R\$ 3,852 R\$ 3,898 million million

+22,7%

2011 2012

1

51

83

82

R\$ 3,770 R\$ 4,625 million million

Net Income

-22.6%

2011 R\$ 1,624

R\$ 1,257 million million

+7.4%

2012

2011

2012

Net Income

R\$ 1,560 million

2011

19

38

57

42

33

R\$ 1,676 million

2012

129

439

310

105

94 **5**0

33

39

IFRS + Regulatory Assets & Liabilities -- Non-Recurring - Private Pension Fund 3rd Tariff R

Regulatory Assets & Liabilities (A)
Other Regulatory Assets & Liabilities
Review - Regulatory procedures for Discos ²

Legal and judicial expenses and indemnities

50 Financial update of discos' financial asset **5**0 Incentivized Retirement Program

Write-down of discos' assets Adjustments in delinquency estimates (doubtful debt)

> Others adjustments Non-Recurring Effects (B)

Private Pension Fund (C) Total (A-B-C)

2011 2012 **2**9 **195 2**1

EBITDA

670

475

142 **7**6 **4**4

6 **268**

727

16

0 7

64

2

109

419



2012 Results | Costs Reduction



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Reconciliation PMSO	2011	2012	%
Reported Personnel	704	707	+0.4
IRP/Dismissals	-52	-12	
CPFL Renováveis	-22	-38	
CPFL Serviços	-39	-50	
Total adjustments	-113	-100	
Adjusted nominal	590	608	+2.9
Adjusted real ¹	624	608	-2.7

Material, Third Services and Others

Reconcilation PMSO	2011	2012	%
Reported MSO	940	1.389	+47,7
Legal and judicial expenses		-142	
Assets write-down		-44	
Adj. for doubtful debt		-76	
Provisao ISS Enercan	-10		
CPFL Renováveis	-46	-152	
CPFL Serviços	-64	-70	
EPASA fuel oil	-5	-114	
Others		-20	
Total adjustments	-125	-618	
Adjusted nominal	815	771	-5,4
Adjusted real ¹	862	771	-10,6

PMSO 2012 (real):

PMSO decrease R\$ 108 million (-7.2%)

Personnel:

-R\$ 17 million (-2.7%)

Material, Third Services and Other (MSO):

-R\$ 91 million (-10.6%)



R\$ 456 million in dividends in 2H12



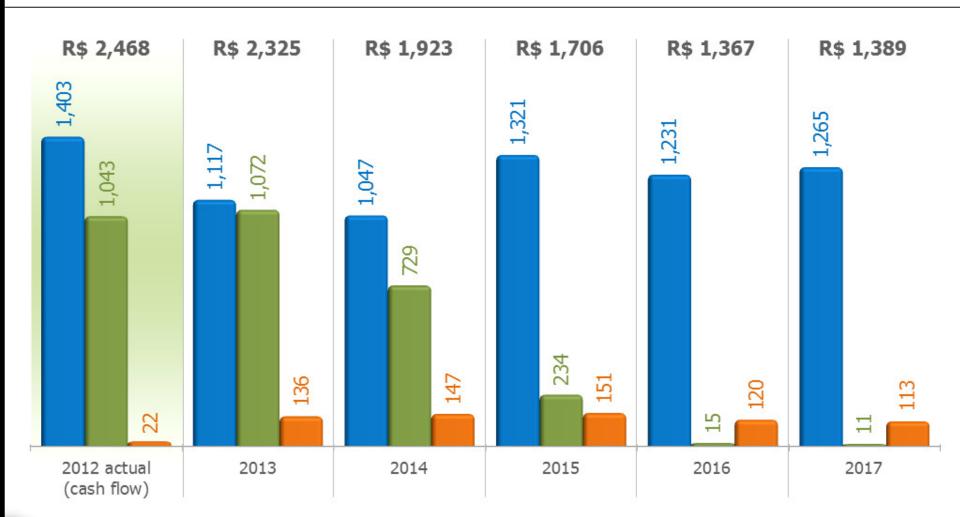
¹⁾ Considering last two half years' dividend yield 2) Refers to declared dividend. Payment in the next half year. 3) Considers share price adjusted for reversal stock split and simultaneous split of shares on June 29, 2011 (not adjusted per dividends).



Capex(e) 2013-2017

Total: R\$ 8,709 million¹ Distribution:
R\$ 5,981 milhões

Generation: R\$ 2,062 million² Commercialization and Services: R\$ 667 million





Indebtedness | Control of financial covenants





¹⁾ Net debt calculation pursuant to financial covenants methodology. 2) Under review by the auditors. 3) LTM EBITDA adjusted pursuant to new methodology. 4) Financial debt (+) private pension fund (-) hedge.



Debt profile on December 31, 2012

▶ Debt amortization schedule¹ (Dec/12) | R\$ million





Funding and ratings

Debentures Issuances







R\$ 910 million

- Type: CVM Instruction 476
- · Bookrunner: Banco do Brasil
- Use of funds: working capital
- Average cost: CDI + 0.83% p.a.
- Maturity: 8 years
- Disbursements: Feb/13

Favorable credit ratings and with stable outlook

S T A N D A R D & P O O R'S

RATINGS SERVICES

Rating brAA+ | Feb/13
Stable outlook

- Strong financial flexibility maintains the stability of Groups' ratings
- · Increasing diversification in Generation
 - √ Investment in renewable energy
 - ✓ Growth in the Generation segment in Group's cash generation
- Stability and efficiency in Distribution
 - ✓ Operational metrics better than the sector average
- Adequate liquidity
- Good access to appropriate sources of long term financing



Debt profile adjusted for the last issuances in Feb/13

Pro forma debt amortization schedule¹ | R\$ million





Generation | Power plants under construction

Assured



concluded

10%

8%

concluded

concluded

(Aug/10)

R\$ 142,53

Free market

Free market

Commercial start-up 2013-2016(e) | 582 MW / 270 MWavg

Installed

30

82.0

172.0

Commercial

3Q13

3Q16

3Q16

	start-up (e)	Capacity (MW)	Energy (MWavg)	Capital structure (e)	PPA	
TPP Coopcana	2Q13	50	18.0	BNDES funding (approved and partially disbursed)	Free market	61% concluded
TPP Alvorada	2Q13	50	18.0	BNDES funding (approved and partially disbursed)	Free market	62% concluded
Macacos I wind farms ¹	3Q13	78.2	37.5	BNDES funding (bridge loan contracted and disbursed, long-term funding under review)	Alternative sources auction (Aug/10) R\$ 152,63	44% concluded
Atlântica wind farms ²	3Q13	120	52.7	BNDES funding (under review)	Alternative sources auction (Aug/10) R\$ 154,83	34% concluded
Campo dos	2012	20	15.0	BNDES funding	Reserve auction	17%

(under review)

BNDES funding

BNDES funding

(em estruturação)

(structuring)

1) Macacos, Pedra Preta, Costa Branca e Juremas; 2) Atlântica I, II, IV e V; 3) Constant currency (Dec/12); 4) Campo dos Ventos I, III, V;

Ventos II wind

Campo dos

Ventos wind

São Benedito

wind farms⁵

farm

farms4

37 5) Ventos de São Benedito, Ventos de Santo Dimas, Santa Mônica, Santa Úrsula São Domingos and Ventos de São Martinho

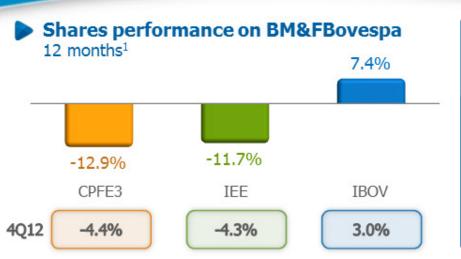
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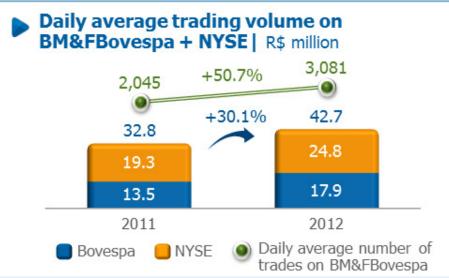
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Stock market performance





























Sustainability and market recognition





CPFL is one of 12 companies that remains in ISE since its inception, in Dec/05

Presence for the eighth consecutive year

2013 Composition

- 37 companies (Limit: 40 companies)
- 16 sectors
- R\$ 1.07 trillion em (market cap¹)
- CPFL Energia's stake: 2.0%

MEMBER OF

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

In Collaboration with RobecoSAM (

CPFL is part of the 1st portfolio of

Dow Jones Sustainability

Emerging Markets Index (DJSI

Emerging Markets)

Recognition of the performance of CPFL in corporate sustainability

- 800 largest companies of 20 emerging countries were evaluated
- 69 companies achieved requirements established by Dow Jones (15 Brazilian)
- Among the 15 Brazilian, 3 are from the electric energy sector (including CPFL)

