1Q15 Results





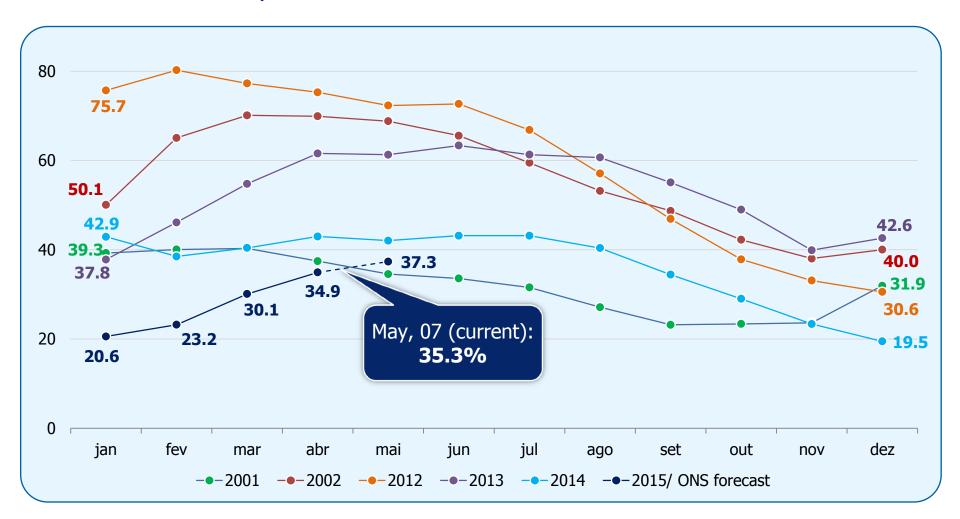
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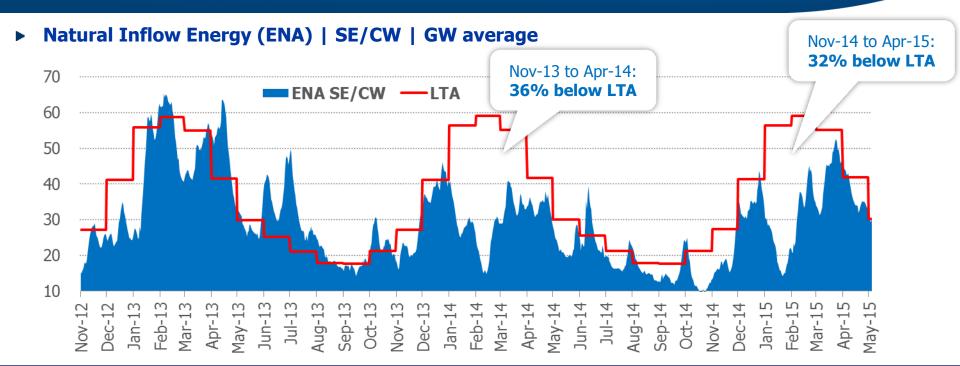
Reservoir Levels

► NIPS Reservoir Levels | %





ENA and Thermal Dispatch

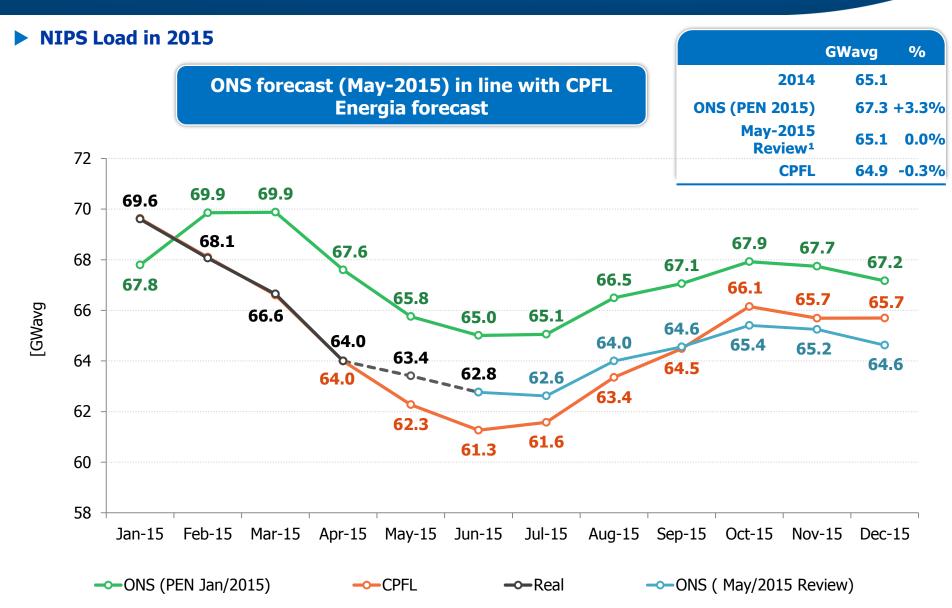


► ENA in 2014 and 2015 | % LTA

	2014	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May ¹
SE/CW	68%	39%	59%	78%	89%	100%
South	144%	215%	140%	114%	106%	107%
NIPS	81%	54%	61%	73%	84%	97%

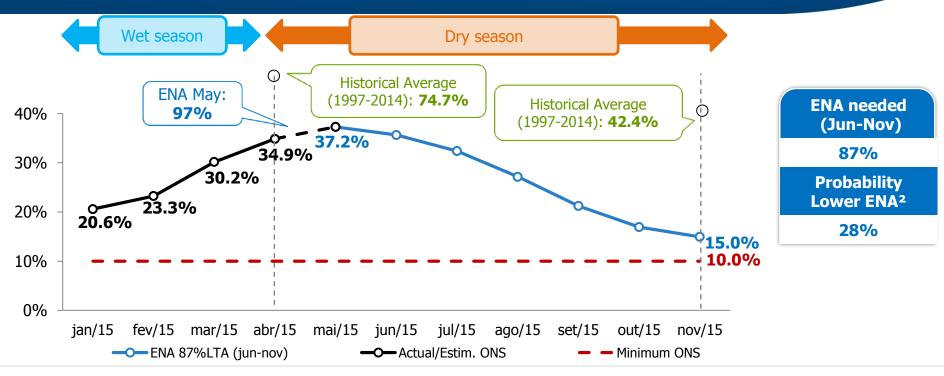
► Thermal Dispatch | GW average





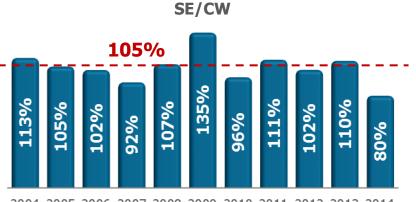


2015 Outlook | Scenarios for reservoir levels¹





2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

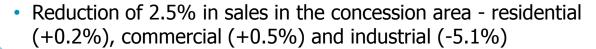


2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

¹⁾ Considers the generation of Uruguaiana TPP until May-2015, partially back from Aug-2015 on with 240 MW.



Highlights 1Q15



Investments of R\$ 331 million in 1Q15

 Anticipation of commercial start-up of Morro dos Ventos II wind farm – CPFL Renováveis (Abr/15)

> Boa Vista II SHPP project, with 26.5 MW of installed capacity and 14 average-MW of assured energy, was winner in the 21st LEN - A-5 Auction (Apr-15)

 CPFL Paulista's tariff readjustment, in Apr-15, with an average effect of 4.67% on consumer billings

 Definition of the 2nd phase of Public Hearing nr. 23 (methodology of the 4th Cycle of Tariff Revision) in Apr-15

 Approval of the proposal of increase of capital through stock dividend; new shares distributed to shareholders on May 6, 2015

 CPFL Energia's shares were up 10.7% on BM&FBOVESPA and down 8.4% on NYSE in 1Q15

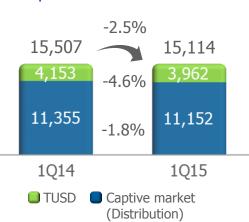
 CPFL Energia released on March 30 its 2014 Annual Report, based on the GRI G4 guidelines and, for the 1st time, on the IIRC structure



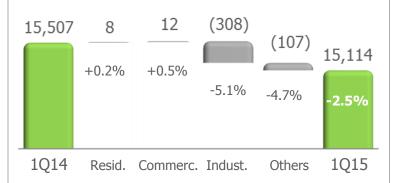


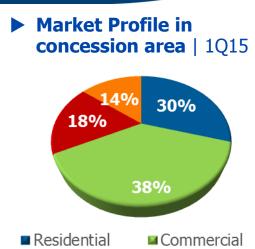
1Q15 Energy sales

► Sales in the concession area | GWh



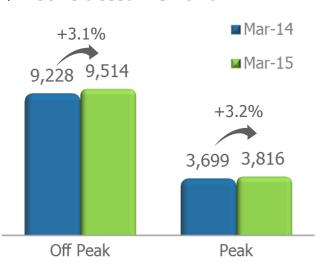
► Sales by consumption segment | GWh



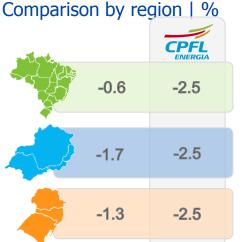


■ Others

Contracted Demand | MW

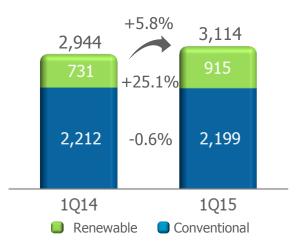






► Generation Installed Capacity¹ | MW

■ Industrial

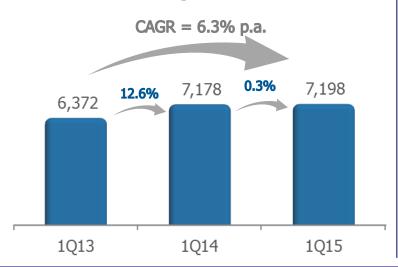




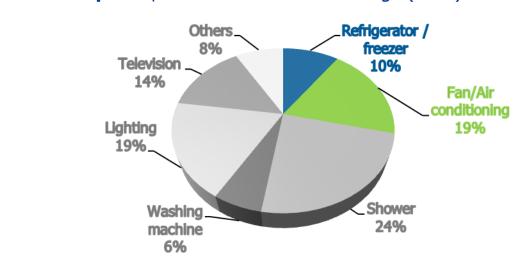
Residential and Commercial Segments

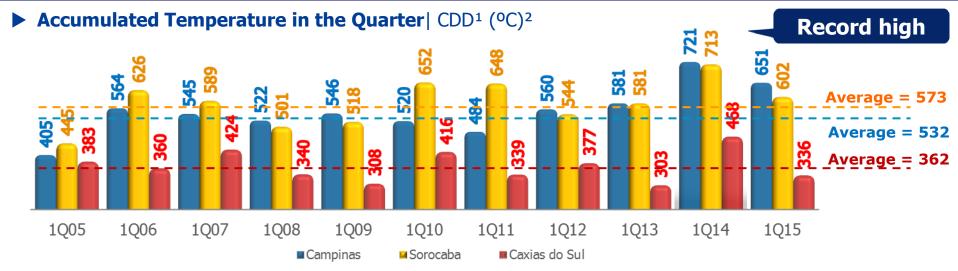
Disregarding the 2014 record high temperatures, the average growth keeps historical pace

► Annual growth of Residential and Commercial Segments | GWh



 Breakdown of electrical equipment in total residential consumption | CPFL Paulista and Piratininga (2014)







1Q15 Results

IFRS

Proportionate Consolidation of Generation + Sectorial Financial Assets & Liabilities + Non recurring items

Net Revenues¹

35.3% R\$ 1,321 million

1Q14 1Q15 **R\$ 3,739 R\$ 5,059** million million

30.6% R\$ 1,179 million

1Q14 1Q15 **R\$ 3,851 R\$ 5,030** million

EBITDA

23.5% R\$ 185 million

> 1Q14 1Q15 **R\$ 787 R\$ 972** million million

5.5% R\$ 60 million

1Q14 1Q15 **R\$1,086 R\$ 1,146**million million

Net Income

-18.4% R\$ 32 million

> 1Q14 1Q15 **R\$ 174 R\$ 142** million million

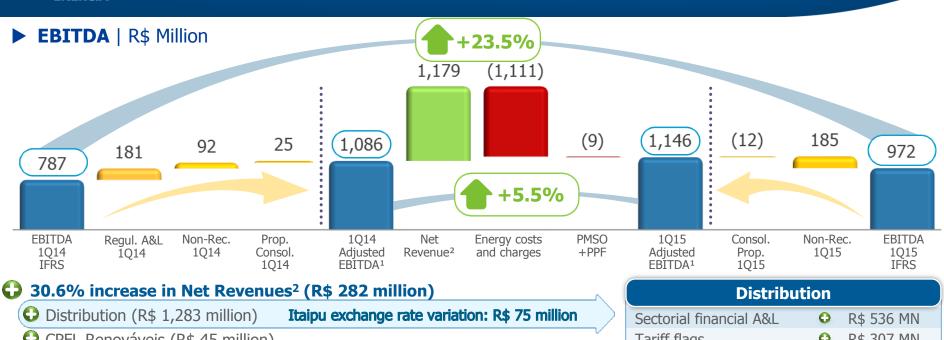
-24.1% R\$ 95 million

> 1Q14 1Q15 **R\$ 396 R\$ 300** million million

	EBITDA		Net Income	
	1Q14	1Q15	1Q14	1Q15
Proportionate Consolidation of Generation (A)	Q 25	12	() 5	Q 26
Sectorial Financial Assets & Liabilities (in 4Q) (B)	181		123	
GSF and energy purchase (CPFL Geração and CPFL Renováveis)	6 5	155	6 57	112
Reallocation of costs with basic network losses - CCEE	1 4		O 9	
Effective tax PIS/COFINs adjustment	1 3	3 0	Q 9	Q 20
MTM Law 4,131 – Distribution segment			1 7	
Non-recurring items (C)	Q 92	185	3 93	132
Total (A+B+C)	298	174	221	158



1Q15 Results



- CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 45 million)
- Conventional Generation (R\$ 116 million) and Commerc./Services (R\$ 33 million)
- 51.0% increase in Energy Costs and Charges (R\$ 1,111 million)
 - Distribution (R\$ 1,189 million) and CPFL Renováveis (R\$ 33 million)
 - Conventional Generation (R\$ 98 million) and Commercialization (R\$ 12 million)
- 1.5% increase in Operating Costs and Expenses⁵ (R\$ 9 million)
 - PMSO Services (R\$ 10 million)
 - Acquisition of fuel oil for EPASA (R\$ 9 million)

RECEITA ASSOCIADA

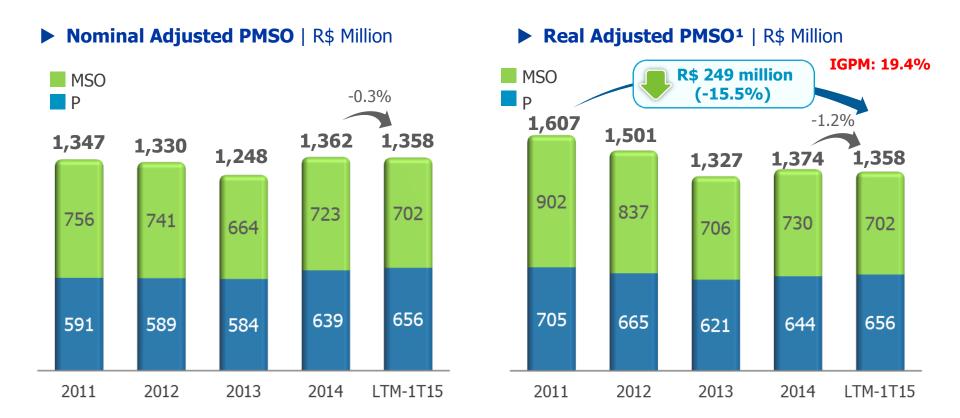
Distribution				
Sectorial financial A&L	0	R\$ 536 MN		
Tariff flags	\bigcirc	R\$ 307 MN		
Tariff effect	0	R\$ 436 MN		
Market		R\$ 50 MN		
Others	•	R\$ 53 MN		
Total	•	R\$ 1.283 MN		

	1Q14	1Q15
PLD (R\$/MWh) ³	674.63	388.48
R\$/US\$ ⁴	2.26	3.21

- Personnel (R\$19 million) Labor Agreement (R\$11 million), Profit Sharing Program (R\$3 million) and insourcing (R\$ 4 million)
- Material and Services (R\$ 14 million)
- Others (R\$ 30 million) assets write-off (R\$ 11 million), legal and judicial indemnities (R\$ 7 million), inspection fee (R\$ 6 million) and others (R\$ 6 million)
 - 1) Take into account proportionate consolidation of projects; 2) Disregard construction revenues; 3) Average PLD SE/CW; 4) Exchange rate (US\$) end of the period; 5) Take into account Private Pension Fund.



Manageable expenses | Real adjusted PMSO LTM-1Q15 x 2011



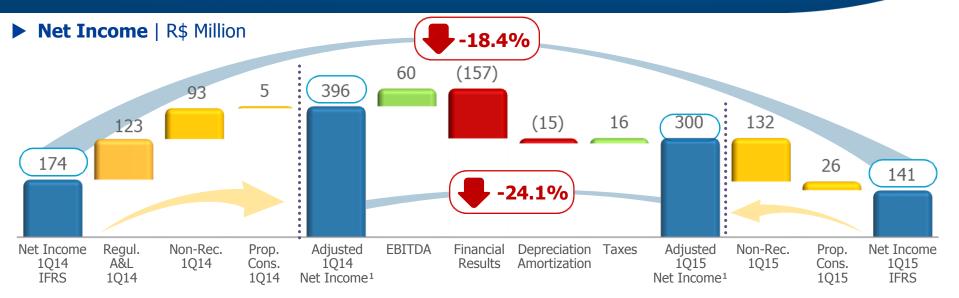
PMSO decreased by 15.5% (R\$ 249 million) in real terms

- 6.9% decrease in Personnel (R\$ 49 million)
- 22.2% decrease in MSO (R\$ 200 million)

¹⁾ Mar-15. Variation of IGP-M in the period 2015 x 2011= 19.4%; 2015 x 2012 = 12.8% and 2015 x 2013 = 6.3% and 2005 x 2014=0.9%. PMSO disregarding Private Pension Fund. Excludes non-recurring items, acquisition of fuel oil for EPASA power plants, PMSO of Services and CPFL Renováveis segments, Legal, Judicial and Indemnities and Personnel capitalization costs since January 2014, due to the new methodology established by Aneel.



1Q15 Results



1Q14

10.3% p.a.

2.26

CDI

R\$/US\$2

1Q15

12.1% p.a.

3.21

OR\$ 1,086 million in 1014 to R\$ 1,146 million in 1015

☐ Increase in CDI and debt (R\$ 120 million)

Compensated by sectorial financial assets (Revenue)

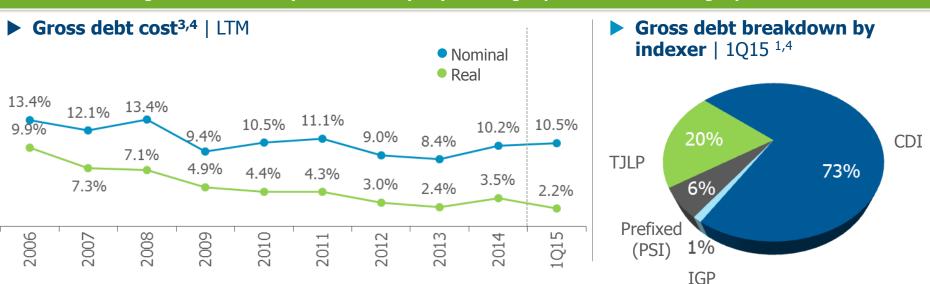
- Mark-to-market effect operations under Law 4,131 non-cash (R\$ 34 million)
- Others (R\$ 5 million)
- 5.6% increase in Depreciation and Amortization (R\$ 15 million)
- ODEC Decrease of Income Tax and Social Contribution (R\$ 16 million)



Indebtedness | Control of financial covenants



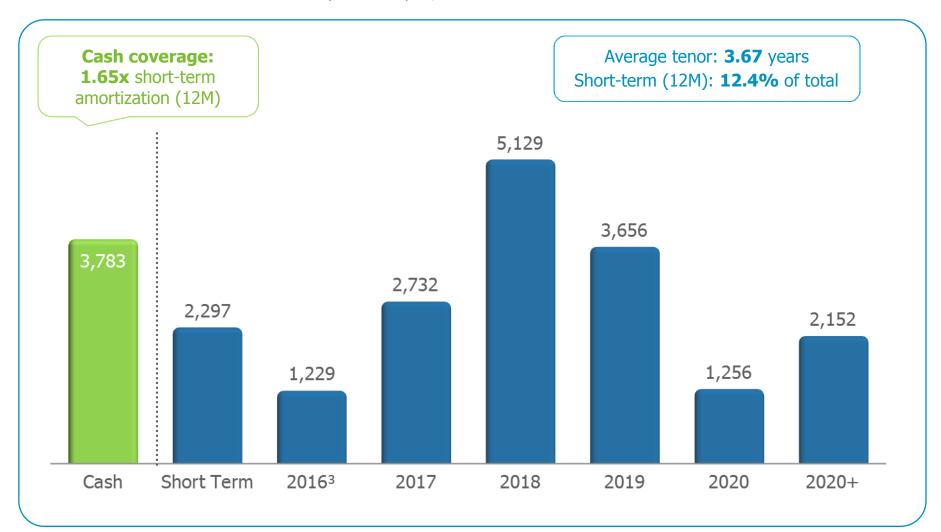
Tariff Flags and Extraordinary Tariff Review (RTE) will bring improvements in working capital for distributors





Debt profile | on March 31, 2015

▶ **Debt amortization schedule**^{1,2} | Mar-15 | R\$ million





Generation | Portfolio expansion



Morro dos Ventos II Wind Farm



Location	João Câmara - Rio Grande do Norte
Commercial start-up	Apr-15 ²
Installed Capacity	29.2 MW
Assured Energy	15.3 MW average
РРА	13 th LEN 2011 (A-5 Auction) – R\$ 133.20/MWh ³ – until 2035
Annual Estimated Revenue ¹	R\$ 17.9 MM (as of 2016)
Financing	BNDES (approved in Oct-14)



Generation | Greenfield projects



Commercial Start-up 2016-2020(e) 333 MW of installed capacity 174 average-MW of assured energy	Campo dos Ventos Wind Farms e São Benedito Wind Farms	Mata Velha SHPP	Pedra Cheirosa Wind Farms	Winner A-5 Auction 2015 Boa Vista II SHPP
Commercial Start-up	2016 ¹	2016 ¹	2018 ²	2020
Commercial Start-up Installed Capacity	2016 ¹ 231.0 MW	2016 ¹ 24.0 MW	2018 ² 51.3 MW	2020 26.5 MW
Installed Capacity	231.0 MW	24.0 MW	51.3 MW	26.5 MW

¹⁾ Gradual commercial operation from 2Q16; 2) Gradual commercial operation from 1H18; 3) Assured Energy calculated in the P90; 4) Constant Currency (mar/15); 5) With the anticipation of work, a bilateral contract (Free Market) will run between 2016 and 2018, when the supply of LEN 2013 starts.



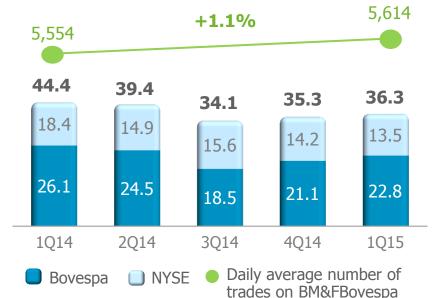
Stock market performance

➤ Shares performance on BM&FBovespa | 1Q15^{1,2}





Daily average trading volume
 on BM&FBovespa + NYSE² | R\$ million



▶ CPFL Energia is present in the main indexes

-14.7%

CPL

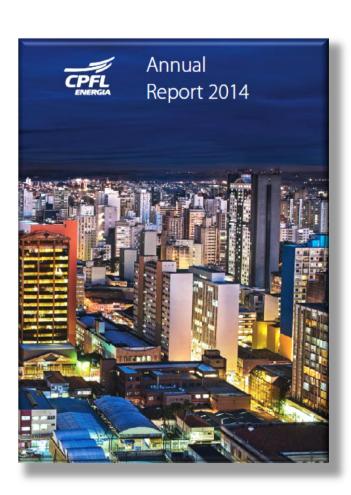
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Annual Report 2014

On March, 30, CPFL Energia released its Annual Report 2014, based on the GRI G4 guidelines and, for the 1st time, in IIRC structure



This approach **correlates key company information** with its business strategy, its financial results and operational activities

The information is organized based on the concepts of:

- ✓ Human Capital
- ✓ Social Capital and Relationship
- ✓ Infrastructure Capital
- ✓ Capital of Knowledge and Skills
- ✓ Natural capital
- √ Financial capital



4th Tariff Review Cycle | Conclusion

Positive factors



- WACC: 8.09%
- Remuneration over special obligations will be incorporated
- Operational costs simplified model and addition of labor contingencies
- Other Revenues sharing simplified methodology
 - 60% related to activities that are commonly rendered
 - 30% related to activities still in the learning curve status
- Non-technical losses exception rule for companies with low losses
 - CPFL Paulista, CPFL Piratininga and RGE: average of the last 4 years (without trajectory)
- Xq factor addition of commercial indicators (gradually until 2019)

Negative factors

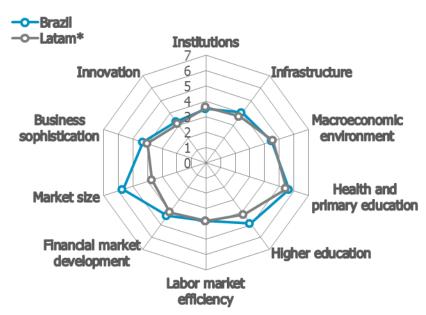
- Remuneration over fully depreciated assets will not be considered
- Non-technical losses lack of incentives for the most efficient companies
- Xpd factor: 1.53% + market/consumer units adjustments
- Regulatory delinquency rates: increase of the aging to 49-60 months

Overall, AP023 results are positive, if compared to the valid rules for the 3rd Tariff Review Cycle



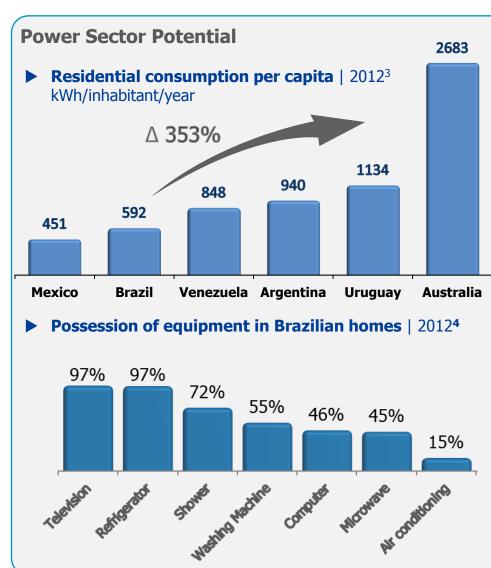
Infrastructure improvements can enlarge the expansion provided by the Brazilian market potential

► Global Competitiveness Index ¹



Market highlights²

- ✓ World leader in agribusiness exports (coffee, soy, sugar, ethanol, chicken and orange juice)
- √ 4th largest in clean and renewable energy
- √ 3rd largest computer market
- √ 5th largest market for phones and mobile phones, vehicles and TV sets
- ✓ 5th country for foreign direct investments (FDI)

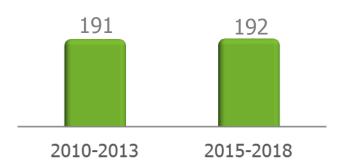


¹⁾ Source: World Economic Forum, Global Competitiveness Report; (*) LatAm and Caribe. 2) McKinsey & Company. O Ambiente Empresarial no Brasil; 3) Source: IEA; 4) Sources: IBGE Census, PNAD, CPFL Energia estimates.

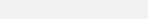


Higher rates of return for projects and larger private sector funding to ensure investments

► Investments in Power Sector¹ R\$ billion



Investments in Power Sector in 2015²



Generation:

- ✓ LFA (biomass and wind) | Apr-15 | R\$ 3.4 billion
- ✓ A-5 (thermal, SHPP and HPP)| Apr-15 | R\$6.1 billion
- ✓ A-3 (thermal, SHPP and wind) | Jul-15;
- ✓ LER (solar) | Aug-15

• **Distribution:** ≈ R\$ 13 billion

Transmission:

- √ 3,953 km | Jun-15 → R\$ 4.4 billion
- √ 2,878 km | Jul-15 → R\$ 4.8 billion
- √ 3,586 km | Sep-15 → R\$ 4.6 billion

Micro and cogeneration: capacity increase

In recent period around 10% to 15% of investments in the power sector were financed via infrastructure debentures³

Need to enhance complementarity between public and private financing

Ideal situation / Best practices

Government

- ✓ Regulatory stability
- √ Higher predictability in project rules
- ✓ Improvements in entrepreneurs selection
- ✓ Internal rate of return consistent with risks
- ✓ Improvements in environmental licensing procedures and deadlines

Companies

- ✓ Higher efficiency in project implementation
- ✓ Deadlines observance

